THE ERIE OBSERVER.

A. P. DURLIN & CO., Proprietors. ONWARD. $1 50 A YEAR, in Advance.

VOLUME 21. SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1850. NUMBER 31.

Erie Weekly Observer.

A. P. DURLIN & CO. PROPRIETORS.

B. F. SLOAN, Editor.

OFFICE, CORNER STATE ST. AND PUBLIC SQUARE, ERIE.

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Poetry and Miscellany.

THE FLIGHT OF TIME.

BY ALEXANDER SMART.

Why flies the time so fast?
Days, months, and years glide by,
And each looks shorter than the last,
And swifter seems to fly;
On viewless wing still rushing on,
To join the flight of ages gone,
Their silent course they ply.

It seemed, when we were young,
Time lingered on the way,
For hope like any syren, sung
The live-long summer day—
Oh! sweetly sung of promised bliss,
Too bright for such a world as this—
Too beautiful to stay.

And then the winter night,
So lively and so long,
When round the fireside, blazing bright,
Went merriment and song:
Long were the hours—for we were then
Impatient to be happy men
And join the busy throng.

Hope's radiance on the heart,
In youth supremely blest,
Can transitory joys impart,
The brightest and the best.
The ills of life come all too soon;
And why should clouds obscure the noon
That warms the youthful breast?

When life's young dream is o'er,
And fancy's fires decay,
And hope's illusions charm no more,
Nor chide the lingering day,
Then time sweeps on winged speed,
Or like a thief with noiseless tread,
Steals all our years away.

Fled like a dream 's the past,
The joyous banquet o'er,
Our longing looks we backward cast,
And think on days of yore.
Brood o'er each scene in joy or wo,
Till we grow old—before we know
That we are young no more.

THE DEATH WARNING.

A Legend of Saco Island.

BY PERCY B. ST. JOHN.

Of all the great centres to which strange characters are attracted, Paris is perhaps the most remarkable; very much, apparently, because of the encouragement given in it to original talent. Clever and enterprising Americans are often met there. One whom I lately encountered proved to be a pleasant and conversable man. We chanced to get upon the subject of superstition or, rather to speak more fairly, on matters pertaining to what has been called the night-side of nature.

"I expect you love a yarn; I'll just give you one which is genuine. I'm not a superstitious man, but the contrary. But I'll give you an item of new country fancies which will amuse you."

I shall not preserve the energetic words of my American friend, as some of them would be difficult of comprehension in our part of the world; but I give the facts of his narrative exactly as they were told.

Saco is a small town at a very short distance from the sea, in the State of Maine, famous only within a circumference of a few miles, in connection with the Labrador fishery, and also as the nursery of an industrious, hard-working set of shipwrights and fishermen. In the early history of the State of Maine, mention is made of Saco Island as the site of an Indian village; but local tradition gives more ample details relative to the ejection of the Red Skins from the place. But with this I have nothing to do, except incidentally, as will be seen in the course of my narrative.

Abel Jacks, my informant, was the son of a working shipbuilder of Saco—a pushing, industrious man, who in times of thriving business, and when a pressing job was on hand, would work eight days without taking off his clothes. He lived in a house just above the town—the front of which faced the island which parted the river, variously known as Cuth and Saco Island. Abel was his youngest son, and at the time we speak of, a young man of twenty. About a dozen yards distant from their residence was an old, tumble-down shanty, which had been abandoned for many years. A murder had been committed within its walls a long time ago, and people said that ever since, noises were heard at midnight around its ruins—a troubled cry of conscience from the criminal. No man was ever found bold enough to reside in it again, until a poor widow, Curtis by name, obtained leave to make it her home.

Widow Curtis was as superstitious and fearful as her neighbors—perhaps even more so—for she firmly believed in death-warnings. The once glad mother of nine children, she had lost eight, and before the real news reached her, she always had a warning. It is true that her signs and tokens came very much oftener even than bad news; but as bad news did sometimes follow her hints from the other world, she had sufficient reason for belief. She found herself at last with only one child, a daughter of eighteen, who was at service on Cuth Island, in the house of Squire Sheen; and to be near this beloved child, the widow took up her quarters in the haunted shanty, which to her seared heart had now no terrors.

Mr. Jacks was kind to the poor widow, gave her some furniture, and assistance in various other forms; and she was grateful. A great part of her time was spent in the house of the shipwright, whose son Abel was warmly attached to her daughter Martha, who was indeed to be his wife that very fall. For some months the widow had been quiet and happy; the thought of her child's advantageous marriage had driven gloomy ideas from her head, and her cheerful state of mind the assiduous kindness of the Jacks had also tended to promote.

One afternoon a tremendous storm startled the good people of Saco, and filled them with alarm.—Saco river was lined with saw-mills, the owners of which floated their timber and planks down by its waters. But just above the town a huge boom lay across the stream, to check the rafts, and to protect the bridges, which connected Cuth island with the two shores. Once in the memory of man a freshet had carried away the boom, and given passage to the vast weight of timber, which coming with terrific violence against the bridges, had utterly destroyed them. The storm on this occasion was followed by the rapid swelling of the river, and about 4 o'clock the boom gave way; the mountains of planks and logs brought down by the inundation rushed madly through, and all communication between the island and the town was cut off. The timber plunged with irresitible force over the falls below the island, carrying the bridges away with it.

The roar of the blast, the rushing of the wild waters, the crash of logs, the plunging of masses of wood over the two cataracts, the running to and fro of the people, all roused in poor Widow Curtis feelings of terror and alarm; and about sunset she came into the house to old Jacks, and told him that she had received a death-warning relative to her last child. Tears streamed down her pallid cheeks, and her whole mien was that of a broken-hearted woman.—Both old Jacks and Abel sought to comfort her in every possible way. They tried ridicule, they tried reason; but all in vain; the widow still declared she had heard the never-failing warning.

"And what was it like?" suddenly cried old Jacks.

"A low screech, like the cry of one in pain;" replied the widow.

"Tush, woman, you heard the squaw of Cuth island. She never fails to howl with the tempest."

"And who, pray, was the squaw of Cuth island?"

Old Jacks drew the widow to the table, lighted his pipe, poured out a glass of beer, and after a vigorous hem, began his story. Before the settlement of the white men round the borders of Saco river, the island was inhabited by a whole tribe of Indians.—An old fellow of the name of Cuth, wishing to establish a saw and flouring mill in the place, bought the site of the Indians, who, on the receipt of the purchase money, decamped in accordance with their word. Old Cuth then crossed over to the island to select the spot whereon he wished to build; but to his astonishment he found an aged squaw, who refused to depart. She declared that in the general distribution she had been left out, and demanded a share of the purchase money of the white man himself. Cuth gave her a bottle of rum, which she eagerly tasted, and then leaping into her canoe, hurried across to join her tribe. But whether the rum had effected her head, or whether age had rendered her limbs too weak to contend with the current, could not be known, but she was drawn into the rapids, and over the falls, where of course she drowned. From that day the island point was believed to be haunted by the squaw spirit; and there was scarcely a man, woman or child in Saco, but would declare having heard the moaning of the old crone before and during the storms.

"Maybe," said the widow Curtis, when old Jacks had concluded, "maybe 'tis the squaw has given me every warning?"

"Nonsense, Mother Curtis; all nonsense and flummery. And yet I am bound to believe in ghosts too. I ain't superstitious, nohow, but I've been tried, too. One night I was at work till late at the Lower Ferry, and after work I joined a merry-making. It was past twelve when I started home.—Everything was square and straight until I got to the road near the churchyard; then I distinctly heard the rustling of a silk dress beside me. "Come out of that," said I, "and no poking fun at me." I got no answer; and away I slashes in the bushes with a big hickory stick; all to no good. The rustling of silk was still as close to me as ever. I was in a precious rage with myself I do own; but I heard it plainly enough. At last I came to the bridge; and you know the ends of the plank stuck out beyond the rail to save sawing off. What do I see but an old fellow walking along these ends beside me, in an old silk morning-gown. "Good night to you, Sam Jacks," said he. I returned his politeness; then he began to ask news of Saco town, and of people dead and gone these twenty years. He seemed surprised when I told him they were all departed; and at the end of the bridge we separated. Now, Widow Curtis, I know I did see all this, and yet old Sam Jacks knows precious well there was nobody there. It was nothing but fancy and deceit, and so was the cry you heard. Cheer up, old girl Martha! all right."

But the widow was not satisfied. The old man's stories rather excited her imagination, and she declared that every instant she felt more sure that Martha was gone. About midnight she started towards home, and Abel went along the water-side with her, to say a few words of comfort.

"Did you hear that?" suddenly said the poor mother, "If that was not Martha's voice it was her spirit."

Abel had heard the cry; it was a shriek of despair, so clear, so distinct, no man could hesitate or doubt. The night was now calm and still, and the moon shone brightly over the whole scene. A boat lay moored within an indentation of the river, at the young man's feet. He gazed rapidly round. Just above the point of the island he saw a small canoe, and a person standing upright in it—a woman with her hands clasped, as if in prayer. The canoe was hurrying down the stream, though not yet in the rapids. A lover's glance is not easily deceived.—It was Martha! To leap into the boat, to push out towards the canoe, and to begin rowing with the energy of mingled love and despair, was the work of a single instant. The widow sank down upon her knees on the bank.

The river was wide, and the current strong, while just below were the rapids. Abel was almost within their influence, and soon found it necessary to pull up stream to avoid being sucked in. When again he turned the bow of his boat across, the canoe was not more than fifty yards above the spot where he lay, and was coming with extreme velocity.

"Courage, dear Martha," cried the young man; "Abel is at hand."

"I dropped my paddles, Abel, while getting away from a snag."

"Check the canoe with your hands, dear girl.—Put them in the water. Every inch gained is valuable."

"I am going too quickly, Abel. You can never save me. Is that my dear mother on the bank?"

"It is, Martha," replied Abel solemnly, at the same time pulling vigorously. "But silence now."

The two boats were drawing near, while both were setting down rapidly on the rapids. Martha was in a light bark canoe, which almost lay on the surface of the water. A few minutes more, and Martha and Abel were parallel to each other at a distance of a dozen yards. Abel leaped to his feet and looked around. They were within thirty feet of the rapids, and two hundred of the falls, in the very middle of the stream. All hope of Abel's catching the canoe was now gone. She, it seemed, could not be saved. They could only be lost together. The young man gazed at the moonlit isle, the shore, his father's home, the aged mother kneeling on the shore; while old Jacks and his mother stood motionless near the threshold of their house.

"Martha," cried Abel, in a voice calm and collected, though husky, "act with courage and spirit.—One minute, and we part, perhaps for ever. Rouse all your courage, think of your mother and your future husband, and let the thought give you the energy of a man. Lie down quickly in the canoe; lie still and move not. The fall is swelled by the rain, and the white rock is hidden. That is a dear girl! Move not for your life! Adieu!"

No more words were spoken. Martha, as she was bid, lay at full length in the bottom of the slight bark canoe, and the next instant was sucked into the rapids. Round and round went the frail boat, and then, entering the centre of the quick-flowing stream, it darted along, and was lost sight of over the falls. Abel pulled like a madman for the shore, guiding his boat slightly up the stream.

"My child! my child!" cried the agonized mother, as he leapt out upon the bank.

"Boy!" said his father, severely, "what have you done with Martha?"

"Father, stay me not! Martha is in the hands of providence. Follow me, and a few minutes will decide her fate!"

The mother and Abel's whole family ran with the young man along the shore, following the portage of the falls. They soon reached the nook in which lay the boat used by the Jacks for fishing under the cataract. As Abel expected, the high tide and the great volume of waters considerably lessened the height of the fall which was also wider than usual.

"Where is my child?" cried widow Curtis once more.

Abel made no reply, but leaping into the boat, pulled across the stream. The two falls, one on each side of Cuth island, made of course a very strong current in this part of the river, but where the two currents met, the one counteracted the other, and the volume of water being very great, three backwaters ensued, one going back to the island point, the other two along shore. Abel pulled for the still water in the centre, and in a few minutes had the intense satisfaction of seeing the frail bark canoe lying motionless on the very edge of the eddy.

"Martha!" he cried in a low, agonized voice.

No answer was given, and in a few minutes more he was along side. There she lay in the pale moonlight, as calm as an infant on its mother's bosom, but to all appearance lifeless. Abel lifted her hurriedly into his boat, and sprinkled her marble face with water. A deep-sigh, a low wailing sound of pain, and then a burst of tears and laughter, proclaimed the victory of youth and nature over death.

"Oh, Abel, how have I been saved?" said the trembling agitated girl, clasping her lover's two hands.

"By thy courage and trust in Providence, dear Martha," replied Abel in a low tone; and these two simple, unsophisticated children of nature knelt, and with the roaring cataract on each side, and the placid sky above, prayed to the God of their hearts.

"Let us go to my mother," said Martha, after an instant's pause; and Abel, without another word, struck out for the shore. The meeting formed a most exciting scene. Tears and questions, and thanks and laughter, were strangely mingled with each other, and then the whole party returned to old Jacks' house.

It appeared that Martha, knowing her mother's character, and aware of the influence of a storm upon her mind, had determined, as soon as the moon rose, to cross over and re-assure the widow as to her own safety. She took her master's bark canoe, and starting a good way above the site of the bridge, began pulling across. When well in the stream, a beam of wood checked her progress. Eager to push it from her path, she let go her paddles, which she had forgotten to fasten on the rowlocks, and they fell into the stream. She caught desperately at the snag, but in vain; and then she gave the wailing cry which her mother and lover had both heard.

Old Jacks warmly commended Abel's presence of mind in giving the advice he did, but far more the calm courage of Martha in following it, while all felt that under any circumstances, the escape was next to miraculous. Old Jacks insisted on Martha's returning no more to service; and taking upon himself the duties of patriarch, decided that the marriage should be celebrated two months sooner than was originally intended. A week later, Abel and Martha were man and wife; and, to judge from their present solid affection and genuine happiness, they have never forgotten their one terrible trial. Abel loves to tell his story, but says that now it is in my hands, he stands a good chance of bearing, "We seen that in print;" a prophecy which I hereby prove to be correct. Old Jacks and the widow are now dead, and Saco is a large place; but though our worthy couple have been now fourteen years married, they remember, as if it were yesterday, their own legend of Saco Island.

Dark Hours.

There are hours, dark hours that mark the history of the brightest year. For not a whole month in any of the millions of the past, perhaps, has the sun shone brilliant all the time. And there have been cold stormy days in every year, when could be seen or heard, for touching something that cheered the spirit, or gratified our desire for the beautiful. And yet the mist and the shaddows of the darkest hours were dissipated, and flitted away. The cruelest of ice fetters have been broken and dissolved, and the most furious storm soon looses its power to harm.

And what a parable is all this of human life, of our inside world, where the heart, works at its destiny labors. Here, too, we have the overshadowings of dark hours, and many a cold blast chills the heart to its very core. But what matters it. Man is born a hero, and it is only by darkness and storms that heroism gains its greatest and best development and illustration—then, it kindles the dark cloud into a blaze of glory, and the storm bears it more rapidly to its destiny. Despair not than. Never give up while one good power is yours, use it. Disappointment will be realized. Mortifying failure may attend this effort and that one—but only be honest, and struggle on, and it will all work well, if not in time, then in eternity

THE PILOT'S REVENGE.

A THRILLING NARRATIVE

BY SILVANUS COBB, JR.

It was towards night on the 21st of September, 1834, a small English war-brig, which had been fitted out for the suppression of smuggling, was lazily creeping along over the heavy monotonous swells just off the coast of Galaway, and on her deck was being enacted a scene of somewhat more than common interest. The day before she had captured a small boat laden with contraband articles, together with an old man and a boy, who had charge of them; the captain of the brig, whose name was Darcutt, had ordered that the old smuggler should be put in irons. To this indignity the old man made a stout resistance—and in the heat of the moment he had so far forgotten himself as to strike the captain a blow which laid him upon the deck. Such an insult to an English officer was past endurance, and, in punishment for his offence, the smuggler had been condemned to die.

A single whip was rove at the starboard yard arm, and all hands were called to witness the execution. The rope was noosed and slipped over the culprit's head, and the running end was rove through a small hatch-block on the deck. Until this moment not a word had escaped the lips of the boy. He trembled as he beheld the awful preparations, and as the fatal noose was passed and drawn tight, the color forsook his checks, and he sprang forward and dropped upon his knees before the incensed captain.

"Mercy, sir; mercy."

"For whom?" asked the officer, while a contemptuous sneer rested upon his lips.

"For that old man whom you are about to kill."

"He dies, boy."

"But he is my *father*, sir."

"No matter if he were my own father, that man who strikes an English officer, while in the performance of his duty, must die."

"But he was manacled—he was insulted, sir," urged the boy.

"*Insulted!*" repeated the Captain; "who insulted him?"

"*You* did, sir," replied the boy, while his face was flushed with indignation.

"Get up, sir, and be careful you don't get the same treatment," said the Captain, in a savage tone.

The old man heard this appeal of his son and as the last words dropped from the lips of his captor, he raished his head, and while a look of the utmost defiance passed over his features, he exclaimed—

"Ask no favors, Robert. Old Karl Kintock can die as well now as at any time—let them do the worst."

Then turning to Captain Darcutt, he changed his tone to one of deep supplication, and said—

"Do what you please with me, sir, do not harm my boy, for he has done no wrong. I am ready for your sentence, and the sooner you finish it the better."

"Lay hold every man of you, and stand by to run the villain up."

In obedience to this order the men ranged themselves along the deck, and each one laid hold of the rope. Robert Kintock looked first at his father, and then he ran his eyes along the line of men who were to be his executors. But not one sympathising or pitying look could he trace. Their faces were all hard and cold, and they all appeared anxious to consummate their murderous work.

"What!" exclaimed the boy, while a tear started from his trembling lid, "is there no one even, who can pity?"

"Up with him." shouted the Captain.

Robert buried his face in his hands, and the next moment his father was swinging at the yard arm.—He heard the passing rope and the creaking block, and he knew that he was fatherless!

Half an hour afterwards the boy knelt by the side of a ghostly corpse, a single prayer escaped his lips. Then another low, murmuring sound came up from his bosom; but none of those who stood around knew its import. It was a pledge of deep revenge.

Just as the old man's body slid from the gangway into the water, a vivid flash of lightning streamed through the heavens, and in another minute the dread artillery of nature sent forth a roar so long and loud that the men actually placed their hands to their ears, to shut out its deafening power. Robert Kintock started at the sound, and what had caused dread in others' bosom sent a thrill of satisfaction to his own.

"Oh, *revenge! revenge!*" he muttered to himself, as he cast his eyes over the foam-crested waves which had already risen beneath the power of the sudden storm.

The darkness had come as quickly as did the storm and all that could be distinguished from the deck of the brig, save the breaking sea, was the fearful, craggy shore, as flash after flash of lightning illuminated the heavens.

"Light, ho," shouted the man forward, and the next moment all eyes were turned to a bright light which had suddenly flashed up among the distant rocks.

The wind had now reached its height, and with its giant power it set the ill-fated brig directly upon the surf-bound shore of rocks and reefs, and every face, save one, was blanched with fear.

In vain did they try to lay the brig to the wind, but not a sail would hold for an instant, until at length the men managed to get up a fore and main storm-staysail, and then the brig stood for a short time bravely up against the heaving sea. But it was evident that even should she succeed in keeping to the wind, she must eventually be driven ashore, for the power of the in-setting waves was greater than that of the wind.

"Boy, do you know what light that is?" asked the captain, as he stood holding on to the main rigging to keep his feet.

"Yes, sir," replied Robert; "is Bullymore's crag."

"What is it there for?"

"It marks the entrance to a little harbor, sir, which lies in the back of it."

"And can it be entered by a vessel of this size?" asked the captain while a gleam of hope shot across his face.

"O, yes, sir; a large ship can enter there."

"And do you know the passage?"

"Yes, sir; I have spent my whole life on this coast, and I know every turn in it."

"Can you take the brig in there in this storm?"

"Yes sir," answered the boy, while a strange light shot from his eyes.

"And will you do it," eagerly asked the captain.

"On two conditions."

"Name them quickly."

"The first is, that you let me go in peace; and the next that you trouble none of the smugglers, should they happen to be there."

"I will promise," said the captain. "And now set about your work. But mark me, if you deceive me, by St. George I will shoot you on the moment."

The brig was soon put before the wind, and Robert Kintock stationed himself on the starboard fore-yard-arm, from whence his orders were passed along to the helmsman. The bounding vessel soon came within sight of the raggid crags, and the heart of every man leaped with fearful thrills as they were swept past a frowning rock which almost grazed them as they passed. On flew the brig, and thicker and more fearful became the rocks, which raised their heads on every side.

"Port!" shouted the boy.

"Port it is."

"Steady—so."

"Steady it is."

"Starboard—quick!"

"Ay, ay, starboard it is."

"Steady—so."

"Steady it is."

At this moment the vessel swept on past an over-hanging cliff, and just as a vivid flash of lightning shot through the heavens and revealed all the horrors around, a loud shout was heard from the young pilot, and in a moment all eyes were turned towards him. He stood upon the extreme edge of the yard and held himself by the left. In a moment more he crouched himself down like a tiger after his prey, and then with one leap he reached the projecting rock.

"*Revenge! revenge!*" was all the doomed men heard, and they were swept away into the boiling surge beyond.

"*Breakers! a reef!*" screamed the men forward, "*Starboard! quick!*"

But 'twas too late! Ere the helm was half up, a low tremendous grating of the brig's keel was distinctly felt, and the next instant came a crash which sounded high above the elements, and the heavy masts went sweeping away to the leeward, followed in a few moments by large masses of the ill-fated vessel's wreck and cargo. Shriek after shriek went up from those doomed men, but they were in the grasp of a power that knows no mercy. The Storm King took them all for his own.

The next morning a small party of wreckers came down from the rocks, and moved along the shore.—It was strewed with fragments of the wreck, and here and there were scattered along the bruised and mutilated forms of the ship's crew. Among the party was Robert Kintock, and eagerly did he search among the ghastly corpses, as though there was one he would have found. At length he stopped and stooped over one, upon the shoulder of whom were two golden epaulettes. 'Twas the captain of the brig—the murderer of his father! The boy placed his foot upon the prostrate body, and while a strange light beamed from his eyes, and a shudder passed over his countenance, he muttered:—

"Father, you are fearfully revenged."

The boy spoke truly. Fearful in its conception and fearful in its consummation, had been that "*Pilots Revenge!*"

A Bad Disease.

We have often had occasion to lament the epidemic referred to by our cotemporary, Yankee Doodle, viz: the diseased memory so prevalent in certain classes of society. Weak judgments, sleepy consciences, and various other infirmaties, mental and moral, are common enough, but these short memories are of distressing frequency. Our cotemporary mentions a few examples:—

"There is a proud family in the neighborhood of Washington square, whose heads cannot remember such a personage as a grandfather on either side.—The offspring of parents inheriting homes erected from the proceeds of quack medicines or patent blacking are almost equally afflicted with shorter memories still: hardly recollecting who their fathers were. Fashionable citizens who have spent a whole summer most agreeably in the midst of a sensible and cordial society in the country, are never able to recognize a soul of them on meeting them again next winter in the city.

"There is, up-town, a very fine aristocratic gentleman of fortune, made by judicious investments during the early part of his life in old clothes and reputable haberdashery, who seems quite at a loss how he came by his property; but is rather of opinion that it was derived from an accident entailment in the family."

We have heard of the still more remarkable case of a charming girl, who unhappily lost her memory so entirely, in consequence of her father touching $50,000 in Norwich and Worcester in a month, as to forget a whole circle of more than a dozen of the "dearest loves" the very day she heard of it.—*N. Y. Organ.*

"Can You Eat Crow."

Lake Mahopack has been crowded so much this summer, that the farm houses about it were filled with visiters. One of the worthy farmers in the vicinity had been worried almost to death by his visiters. They found fault with the food. This was bad, and that was bad; there was no way of pleasing them.

"Darn it, what a fuss; I can eat anything," said Isaac.

"Can you eat crow?" said one of his young boarders.

"Yes, I kin eat crow."

"Bet you a hat," said his guest.

The bet was made, a crow caught and nicely roasted, but before serving up, they contrived to season it with a good dose of Scotch snuff. Isaac sat down to the crow. He took a good bite and began to chew away. "Yes," said he, "I kin eat crow, (another bite and an awful face,) I kin eat crow, (symptoms of nausea.) I kin eat crow, but I'll be darned if I hanker arter it." Isaac bolted.

How is it to be Done.

An Irishman, who was very near-sighted, about to fight a duel, insisted that he should stand six paces nearer to his antagonist than the other did to him, and that they were both to fire at the same time! This beats Sheridan's telling a fat man who was going to fight a thin one, that the latter's slim figure ought to be chalked on the other's portly person, and if the bullet hit him outside the chalk line, it was to go for nothing.

Erie Weekly Observer.

E R I E, P A.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14, 1850.

Report of the Postmaster General.

We regret exceedingly that the limited space of our column compel us to omit the full report of the Postmaster General, and to content ourselves with giving a condensed view of it, publishing only the principal and most important parts.

The Postmaster General states that, upon the 30th of June last, there were 5,590 routes by which the mail is carried. The increase which has taken place this year in the number of these routes amounts to 649. The aggregate length of these 5,590 routes last June was 178,672 miles; and upon these routes were engaged 4,760 contractors. The annual cost of transporting the mails over these routes was $2,-724,426, making an average cost of five cents and eight and a half mills per mile. The increase of the length of these Mail routes has been nearly 11,-000 miles. On the 20th of June there were five foreign Mail routes, the annual cost of transportation over which has increased over the cost of the preceding year, $3,814. There had been 6,518 postmasters appointed during the year ending upon the last day of the month of June. The whole number of Post Offices in the country was 18,417. There have been established 1,979 new post offices, and there have been 309 discontinued through the year. The gross revenue of the Department for the year ending June 20, 1850, was $5,552,971 48.—The expenditures for the year amounted to $5,212,-953 48, which leaves $340,018 05 remaining. The expenditures of the present year are estimated to amount to $5,019,809 80, and to meet this, the Department relies upon the receipt of postages, the annual appropriation of $200,000, and upon the appropriation made at the last session of Congress, as a compensation for the matter sent free through the mails under the act for taking the Seventh Census. It is estimated that there will be $146,806 38 remaining over and above the debt for the current year.

The mail service in California and Oregon is in so unsettled a condition, that no satisfactory statement can be made with regard to it. The report recommends the following modification of the Post Office law:

1. That the contract and fiscal year for the Post Office Department in respect to the service in California, Oregon, New Mexico and Utah, be changed, and that it commence and end three months earlier than for the rest of the Union; so that the returns, accounts and all other statements for the last quarter of the fiscal year in that portion of the Union can be made to the General Post Office in Washington in time, after being duly audited, to be embraced in the annual reports submitted at the opening of Congress.

2. That authority be given to the special agent in that country to open, at San Francisco, the dead letters returned from the offices of California and Oregan, and there dispose of them as is now done at the General Post Office, under such regulations and restrictions as the Postmaster General may prescribe. For this purpose a clerk or clerks, with suitable salaries, should be allowed to the special agents."

With regard to the reduction of Letter Postage, the Postmaster General recommends that three cents be the fixed inland rate, when prepaid, and when not prepaid; that five cents be the uniform rate. He also recommends the reduction of the postage on California letters, and that the rates on the foreign mails be made uniform, and that power be given the Postmaster General to reduce or raise the sea letter postage:

"I also recommend that the provision which imposes an additional half cent postage upon newspapers sent more than one hundred miles, and out of the State where they are mailed, be repealed, so as to leave the uniform inland postage on newspapers, sent to subscribers from the office of publication, at one cent each."

He also recommends that pamphlet-postage be reduced to two cents when weighing two ounce or less. And one cent for every additional ounce over two. He recommends that if this reduction of postage be authorized by Congress, it should not go into effect until the 30 th of next June, the fiscal year then commencing. In consequence of the increased labor the Postmasters will have to undergo and their decreased compensation, he recommends an increase in their commissions. He also recommends that the locks and keys which have been in use for several years, be exchanged for new ones; and that the Postoffice at Washington be repaired and improved, as it is now not suited to an office of such importance, as the Post Office of the city of Washington. Also that the laws regulating the Department, and its offices, be revised and improved. He says:

"In conclusion, I desire to acknowledge my obligations to my assistants and clerks in the Department, for the cheerfulness, zeal and assiduity with which they have labored in the discharge of their respective duties, and to renew the recommendation of my predecessors, that the Assistant Postmaster-General be placed upon the same footing, in respect to their compensation, as the heads of bureaus in the other departments.

The Growth of the United States.

The census returns already received from seventeen states of the Union, show an increase of population since 1840, of 3,130,898, which added to the aggregate population ten years ago, of 17,039,323, would alone, make now, 21,224 251. Estimating the increase in other states by the same ratio, the aggregate population of the nation in June last, may be put down at not less than 24,000,000, or an increase of nearly seven millions in the last ten years.

In some of the States the increase has been very rapid, in others quite inconsiderable. In Maine they have 612,000; being an increase, in ten years, of 110,207, or over 20 per cent. Massachusetts has 1,000,000, being an increase of 220,173, also upwards 20 per cent. Pennsylvania has 2,300,000, showing an increase of 575,967, or over 33 per cent. Ohio has 2,250,000, showing an increase of 670,732, or over forty per cent. Wisconsin has 350,000: she had but 30,000 ten years ago.

The District of Columbia, on the other hand, has gained but 7,000. She has now 50,000, or less than 12 per cent. increase; North Carolina has 800,000, being an increase of 46,581, or only about six per cent. South Carolina has only 630,099, being an increase of only 44,901—less than 8 per cent. We have returns from only one other southern State, that is Georgia, the population of which is now 1,000,000, showing an increase of 308,608, or about forty-five per cent.

The ratio of increase in the whole Union, estimated from the returns received of seventeen states is about 30 per cent. That of Georgia is 15 per cent. ahead of the average; that of South Carolina is twenty-two, and North Carolina twenty four per cent. below the average. In the northern states heard from, the rate of increase is uniformly over twenty per cent.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

EMIGRATION.—The whole number of emigrants from foreign countries, arrived at New York, in November, was 17,947, of whom 11,372 were from Ireland, 3,208 from Germany and 2,060 from England. During the same month last year, the emigration was 8,298. For the 11 months of this year, it amounted to 205,964, which is about 9000 fewer than it was for the same of 1849. "As several emigrant vessels are known to be on their way hither, (says the New-York Journal,) it is believed that the emigration this year will be about the same as last. The proportion of Irish will be rather larger, but of much better class. Last year, large numbers were shipped to the United States by their landlords. This year, the better class of peasantry of their own accord, seek to better their condition by removing hither.

Foreign News By The Arctic.

The Collins Steamer arrived at New-York from Liverpool on Wednesday evening, bringing Liverpool dates of the 19th. She brought 51 passengers, among whom were Mr. Clay, late Minister to Portugal, and his family. The Arctic was over 14 days on her passage, and brings but four day's later news.

The only important items of English news are a rise of Cotton of 1-8 of a penny, and the continuance of the excitement arising from Papal aggressions.—Anti-Popery meetings are still held in almost every Parish in London, and in many of the provincial towns. Lord Charles Russel, brother of the Premier, was most extravigant in his denunciations of what he terms the "Papal aggressions," at a meeting at Bedford. On the day the steamer sailed, Liverpool was placarded with bills calling upon the Catholics to oppose the Protestant Demonstration, to be held there that day, and a serious riot was anticipated.

A Government Commission has been appointed to report upon the desirableness of removing the trans-Atlantic mail station from Liverpool, to some point on the Western Coast of Ireland. The American and Liverpool Chamber of Commerce oppose the project. A magnificient mail steamship, named the "Scotia," is being built in the Clyde, to run between Liverpool and New York. The Government have recently dispached six men-of-war to the coast of Brazil for the suppression of the Slave trade, making their force there 11 men-of-war.

The building for the exibition of 1851 proves to have been calculated on altogether too small a scale, and the erection of a new gallery has been authorized, by which an additional exhibiting surface of 45,-000 feet has been obtained, and even this will not be sufficient.

France is engaged in discussing a recent order of the President, calling under arms 40,000 soldiers. The leading journals, many of them, think the movement a contradiction of the Message. Private accounts attribute this increase of the army to a revolutionary disposition on the part of Switzerland.—The editor of *La Presse*, has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment, and a fine of 2,000 francs, for publishing a ficticious President's Message. The President's Message is thought to have given a death blow to the revolutionists.

A terrible explosion occurred on the 8th ult. on board the French man-of-war Volmy, on her passage from Forbay to Brest. The explosion was from powder, kept in a place entirely out of the rules of the service, for the manufacture of rockets as night signals! 20 sailors were dragged from the ruins, 10 of whom died immediately, and the remaining 10 it is supposed cannot recover.

The advices from Germany are more pacific. Prussia has acceeded to the demands of Austria, and has evacuated the whole of Electoral Hesse, except the military roads, to which she has a right, always. The Franklin Diet is to be allowed to act as the organ of the old Confederation, and the troops of the old Confederation are to "pacify" Hesse Cassel and Schleswig Holstein. The Prusian army and people are much dissatified with the result.—The Federal troops have already entered Cassel, although they have taken no action. There is nothing from the Danish Holstein war, but an account of an insignificant skirmish, and the fact that the two forces are fortifying their respective positions.

Count Mirasal has arrived in Spain from Cuba.—It is gratifying to learn from Turkey that the promises made to the Christians in Bulgaria, of protection and toleration, have been fulfilled to the letter. The commercial news from China is satisfactory. The refractory province, on the Kohat Frontier, has again manifested insubordination, and the insurgents are represented to have got the advantage of the Imperial troops.

From Texas.

By the arrival of the steamship Galveston, Capt. Place, we have received papers from Galveston to the 23d inst. Returns of the election on the boundary bill still continue to come in. They are all in favor of the bill.

The body of a man named Hermann Renke, was discovered by the driver of Winnie's stage on the 20th inst., at the West end of Galveston Island, about three quarters of a mile from the point, on the bay shore, and an inquest was held on the same, when the jury came to the conclusion that death was caused by a blow from some heavy instrument.—The wound was in the centre of the back, between the neck and the shoulders.

The deceased was a seaman, on board the Schr. Native, lying at Galveston. A few days ago, as she was lying in the bay of San Luis, near where the murdered body was found, the master, Peter Rogers, the mate, Thompson, and the deceased went ashore in a boat, but the former two returning without the latter. The cook of the Native, who had previously heard threatening language used by the master or mate towards Renke, suspected foul play, and on the arrival of the vessel at Galveston made an affidavit of the facts as far as he knew, but there was no positive evidence that a murder had been committed, and Rogers was discharged. A warrant has since been issued for him, and Thompson is now in custody of the sheriff.

Capt. Henry E. McCulloch left Seguin a few days ago with his company of Texas Rangers.—He will be stationed somewhere on the Nueces river.

The San Antonio Ledger is informed, by private intelligence from Eagle pass, of a horrible tragedy which has recently occured beyond Santa Rosa, in Mexico. Four men left Eagle pass, a few weeks since, for California, having in company with them two free mulatto women. Beyond Santa Rosa three of the men composing the party were found dead in their camp—two had been shot and the third had been killed by a knife. The fourth individual, and the women and children were missing. The trunks had been broken open and rifled of their contents—including, among other things, the sum of nine thousand dollars. The wagons, &c., were left at the encampment.—*N. O. Pic., Nov. 27th.*

Arrival of the Georgia.

The Empire City was to sail from Chagres the day after the Georgia, full of passengers and the passengers by the Georgia say, with between three and four million of gold. The Georgia brings over 350 passengers, 250 were left at Havanna to go by the Ohio. The Georgia left Chagres, on the 26th ult. She brings about $1,000,000 in the hands of passengers, and $100,000 in freight.

Panama and Chagres were healthy. Rain fell all the time the Georgia was at Chagres, and the roads were bad. All quiet at Havanna. Several sailing vessels have left San. Francisco for home. Four vessels were ashore at Chagres two brigs and two schooners.

The news from California is two weeks later, much consternation prevails at San Francisco, in consequence of Cholera. The schooner G. H. Montaque, the Captain of the schooner and four passengers are now sick on board, the vessel had been ordered into quarantine. The most of those who died were from the mines. The vessel was bound to Panama.

The steamer Sagamore while leaving central wharf with a large number of passengers bound for Stockton, burst her boilers with a terrible explosion, scattering human bodies and timber in every direction, and the vessel reduced to a complete wreck.—The number on board was 75 to 100, half of whom are missing. Some have been recovered so mutilated as not to be known, limbs and fragments were gathered up in baskets. The wounded are being cared for in the Hospital.

The meeting in honor of the admission of California took place at San Francisco in which all the State and Governme it officers, benevolent societies, foreign citizens, &c., took part. It is described as having been a splendid affair.

Fifty-eight deaths from cholera occurred at Sacramento during the week ending Oct. 26th.

The overland emigrants are all reported to be in. News from the mines favorable. The Cholera is bad at Sacramento City. The Georgia left Havanna on the 2d, at which time the Ohio had not arrived. The pacific was there with fifty passengers for Chagres. Every thing quiet on the Island, and the Americans were permitted to go on shore at Havana. The American steamers were also allowed to be moored at their docks. The Carolina mail steamer was to leave the same day.

STATE LINE RAILROAD.—We understand that the stockholders and others interested in, the several Railroads between Albany and Buffalo, was held at Syracuse yesterday, at which the subscription to the stock of the State Line Road, from Buffalo to Erie, was all taken and the books closed. Such was the demand for this stock that there was spirited competition, and it rose to five per cent immediately after the books were closed. There is none now in market. This movement insures the completion of the proposed Road from Buffalo to Erie forthwith. The Road will be sixty-seven miles in length, and will be entirely finished by the first day of next September, and probably before that time.

We understand that all the Companies between Albany and Buffalo subscribed to this stock the amount allowed by law, except the Utica and Schenectady Co., which took no stock. The residue was readily taken by private citizens. One citizen of Buffalo took $50,000 and one of our own took $30,-000.—*Rochester Daily Advertiser.*

A PROBLEM FOR GEOLOGISTS.—Last week, John Mussey, Esq., had occasion to blast a large solid boulder of granite on his farm in Cape Elizabeth for the purpose of removing it. The boulder was without seam or crack or any appearance of one.—On, prying open one of the rifts, made by the blast there was a body of a half grown frog, with his tongue thrust out of his mouth, as if forced out by the pressure. There was a cavity in the solid stone, just the size, form, and capacity, to receive the frog's body, and from which it was taken.—*Portland Argus.*

Congress.

So far Congress has behaved well. No attempt at agitation has yet been made by either of the extremeists of the North or the South, and the indications are that we shall have a very fair working session. We hope so. The country needs repose; the people are tired of crimination and recrimination between different sections of the country; and desire more work and less speech-making for "home consumption." It is true, the proceedings thus far have been devoid of any general interest, but it takes some time for the members to get used to the tedious routine of business after so long a time spent in excitement and agitation. After New Year we presume they will strip off their coats and go to work.

United States Senator—Judge Black's Prospects.

Indications from the popular mind clearly point, we think, to Judge BLACK as the successor of Hon. DANIEL STURGEON in the Senate of the United States. The duty of the Legislature upon this question is as plain as the wishes of the people can make it. Judge BLACK was a rival of Col. BIGLER for the Gubernatorial nomination, but he is no longer so. The people have signified their desire that his eminent talents should grace another station, and he has announced his determination to obey.—He will not, therefore, be a candidate for Governor even should the Legislature so far disregard the popular WILL as to select some one else. Of this, however, we have no fears, unless, indeed, our opponents consent again to become the dupes of some designing demagouge hanging upon the skirts of the Democracy, as they did a few years since upon a similar occasion. It is an old saying that "a burnt child dreads the fire," and we think our whig friends in the Legislature will be slow to try on a pair of "bargain and sale" gloves again. We are of the opinion, therefore, that the election of Judge BLACK to the Senate is a foregone conclusion, sanctioned by the people and the press, and imperatively called for by the wants of the State.

Push on the Work.

Now that it is certain the Plank Road to Wattsburg will be finished by the first of November next, we deem it our duty to call public attention to the importance of taking immediate measures to have the road extended on to Columbus, with a view of ultimately extending to Warren. We are informed that a charter is already in existance for that purpose, and it only requires a little exertion to set the ball in motion. Once set agoing, it will roll itself. So far as we can ascertain the public mind is ripe for the enterprise. Indeed we are told that responsible men have offered to build it, with their own private means, as far as Wayne, nearly half way from Wattsburg to Columbus. Certainly the citizens of the flourishing village of Columbus, who are noted for their enterprise and public spirit, will meet the road half-way! It is through a country admirably adapted to this kind of road; and what is more, will prove a profitable investment. There is no doubt of that. To our citizens the extension of this road is all important. One fact will be sufficient to demonstrate it. The citizens of New York have already a plank road completed from Westfield to Clymer, within six miles of Columbus. This road is taking all the trade and travel from the North-western part of Warren county to the lake that way, whereas it used to come here. A fact illustrative of this was told us the other day. Last year all the merchants and traders in that section of the country had their goods shipped from New-York to this city. This year but one solitary bill of goods was received by our Forwarding Merchants for them—they had all found an easier and cheaper way of reaching the lake by the Plank Road from Clymer to Westfield. This is but one item, but how much more trade our city has been deprived of by the same cause, it is impossible to tell; it is not unlikely, however, that it is no inconsiderable amount. This fact speaks volumes, and we trust it will have the effect of awakening the attention of our citizens to the importance of the Road to Wattsburg and its extension to Columbus.

The Erie Bank.

Gen. C. M. Reed publishes a card in the last *Gazette* denying that the above named institution has refused to pay specie on its notes, as has been stated in the Eastern and Western papers, and asserting "that the Bills are promptly redeemed at the counter, and by Drexell & Co., Philadelphia; Kramer & Rahn, Pittsburg; and Patchen Bank Buffalo, N. Y." He further says he "holds himself individually liable for the redemption of every Bill put in circulation while he presides over the institution."

P. S.—Since the above was in type, the following statemet of the condition of the Bank has been handed us, by the Cashier, with a request to publish:

ERIE BANK, Dec. 11, 1850.

Dr.	Capital Stock,	101,895 00
"	Notes in circulation, *old issue*,	10,470 00
"	" " new "	66,315 00
"	Due Depositors,	12,634 29
"	Dividend unpaid,	19 50
"	Profit and loss,	519 34
		$191,853 13
Cr.	By Discount of notes and bills Ex.,	123,757 05
"	Erie Bank Stock,	15,375 00
"	Real Estate,	4,604 06
"	Erie Canal Stock,	5,000 00
"	Erie Canal Bonds $13,551, cash value,	6,713 13
"	Eastern Deposit and due from Banks,	17,500 00
"	Notes from other Banks,	8,410 00
"	Specie Funds,	10,493 89
		$191,853 13

C. McSPARREN, Cashier.

☞ The Northern *Democrat* still presists that there are two democrats in the present Congress from Michigan, and that both voted for the Fugitive Slave Bill. Its authority is Greeley's whig Almanac. *We* prefer better authority, and *that* is the Democracy of Michigan themselves. Although Kinsley S. Bingham was elected as a Democrat, it is well known that he has not acted with that party since his election, in consequence of which his constituents have kicked him so far out of the pale of the party that even that *ancient* gentleman, now almost forgotten, Martin Van Buren, can't see him. Perhaps this miscalled "*Democrat*" will still say that Bingham voted for the Fugitive Slave Bill, over which it is continually shedding crockodile tears, and "most heartily rejoice at his defeat"—*when* he was'nt a candidate. Truly, the knowledge displayed by this paper of its own kidney is "excrutiating."

☞ An editor was recently seen in Nashville, in the undisputed possession of a thousand dollars! Barnum is after him. We have this on the authority of the Erie *Observer*, and presume that he must be some Locofoco state printer, possibly the would-be Senator—SAM MEDARY.—*Ashtabula Telegraph.*

Wrong, Sir; wrong—it was Gen. Taylor's Charge to Austria, Gen. James Watson Webb, the man that baptised your pie-bald party with the name "Whig," and the money was *one of them* fifty-two thousand dollars he got from the Bank of the United States for the job.

☞ We are indebted to our friend Middaugh, of the Red Jacket Saloon, for a fine fat Turkey, "alive and kicking," intended for our Thanksgiving dinner. As we had been previously supplied, it still lives, a monument to our previous good fortune.

☞ We are request to say that some of those who itch to "trip the light fantastic toe" are about to get up a Ball at Major Brown's Hotel on Christmas eve. Of course, "all the world and the rest of mankind" and womankind too, will be on hand. Tickets will be issued in a few days.

☞ The "*Buffalo Journal of Commerce*" is the title of a new daily in Buffalo. It is published by Jones, Mathews & Co., is independant in politics, and makes a very neat and creditable appearance. If it shall be conducted with the independance and talent of its New York namesake, it is bound to succeed.

☞ Subscribers to the Reading Room will meet this evening at the Sheriff's office to hear reports of Committees. A general attendance is requested.

A True System of Newspaper Postage.

Greeley, of the New York *Tribune*, in reviewing the recent report of Mr. Postmaster General HALL, puts forth the following as his idea of a fair and liberal system of newspaper postage:

"Mr. Hall is very fair so far as he goes with regard to Newspapers, but he does not go far enough. The *weight* is the essential point in the transportation of Printed Matter; consequently, the considerations in favor of a uniform rate of Letter Postage do not apply to Periodicals, &c. It is not just and equal to charge as much for carrying a small newspaper twenty miles as for carrying a large one two thousand miles. One cent per printed sheet, weighing not more than two ounces when mailed, is probably a very fair general rate; but there should be a much lower rate for Country Newspapers—that is, for all periodicals conveyed less than forty miles. We think ten cents per annum as the postage of a Weekly, twenty of a Semi-Weekly, thirty for a Tri-Weekly, and sixty for a Daily—to be paid for a full year in advance—would be fair rates for all journals conveyed not more than forty miles from their respective places of publication. We believe such rates would be most advantageous, yet but justly so, to the Country Press, which is now unduly crowded by the city journals. The Weekly Tribune, for instance, now pays seventy-eight cents in Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, &c., while the journals printed in the very counties where taken pay fifty-two; this is too little difference: but to reduce ours to fifty-two and leave the local journals subject to the same rate, would aggravate the injustice. One cent per copy, payable quarterly in advance, for every newspaper sent more than forty miles, and ten cents per year, payable annually in advance, for every Weekly transmitted less than forty miles, with corresponding rates for papers printed oftener than once a week, would be just about right. We have no faith in the "franking" principle, whether applied in our favor or against us, and would have every thing pay its own way. It should be borne in mind that, though the conveyance of a *mail* may cost more now than formerly, the conveyance of mail matter per *ton* costs less—much less; and of the reduction per ton caused by the substitution of steamboat and railroad transportation for coach and horse carriage, the bulkier portion of Mail matter is fairly entitled to the benefit."

We scarcely need say we coincide in these views of the Editor of the *Tribune*. We have devoted some little attention to the subject, have had some experience in post office matters, and a good deal more in the newspaper business, all of which has fully convinced us that while the present system is glaringly partial and unjust, that which most of our cotemporaries are so anxious to have revived,—viz: free circulation of newspapers within thirty miles of the office of publication—is but little, if any, better. There is no work so illy done as that for which one gets nothing. This truism was fully verifyed in the short time the law remained in existance allowing the free circulation of newspapers within thirty miles of the office of publication. The Postmasters got nothing for the trouble of keeping and delivering the local papers, and consequently cared, in a corresponding degree, as little whether they were delivered at all or not. More than this, it was to their interest that such papers should not circulate. They would much rather the people took papers that would yield them some compensation, and hence they became efficient Agents for the city weeklies in opposition to their local papers. We know this was not the case where the Postmasters were men of any principle or public spirit. But the Department was not always fortunate in selecting such individuals. Its appointees sometimes were men who looked upon every local paper coming to the office over which they presided as just *fifty-two* cents damage to their pockets. It is true the rate of postage proposed by the *Tribune*, or any other rate based upon the same principle, is, in some respects, liable to this objection also, but it gives the subscriber, as well as the publisher of local papers, a *pecuniary* right to be fairly delt with; and that, no matter how *small*, we all know is more potent with such men as we describe than all the oaths of fidelity to the trust reposed in them by the Department they are required to take.

From considerations like these, and many more we have not room to enumerate, but which will strike the intelligent reader, we had long since arrived at the conclusions shadowed forth in our extract from the *Tribune*. It is a subject every country publisher is deeply interested in. They are not alone, however. The reading and writing people—those that have sons and daughters to bring up and educate—those that have real estate and other property they wish to make more valuable: in short, the philanthropist as well as the politician, the reformer in politics as well as morals, all are interested in making the local press more efficient, more respectable, and better conducted. This can only be done by placing it more upon an equality with the city press in regard to postage. As it is, this is not the case. Every member of Congress from the "rural districts" knows this, and more than that, every one knows that he owes much of his fame at home and abroad, more or less, to the local press of his district. Without that local press he could never reach the ears of the people at that most important crisis—before an election. In fact, the local press is the heart and soul of the political organization of the country. It behoves, then, the statesman, as well as the mere politician, to see that his "heart and soul" is not drained of its life blood by laws favoring the trasy, sickly, sentimental mammoth sheets which are now spewed all over the land from the steam presses of the city. A postage of one cent for all distances, and all sizes of newspapers, as recommended by the Postmaster General, would do this. It would give a complete license to the "Moddel Couriers" and "Scott's Weeklies" of our eastern cities. No well conducted literary paper can come in competition with the country press. They cannot be published cheap enough. It is only such blanket sheets as we have named, made up of paid puffs, interspersed with sickly tales and mawkish poetry, from the pens of moon-struck young men and maidens, who would be much more profitably employed in hoeing their father's corn and mending their brother's shirts and stockings, that find their way into almost every family in the country. And, we are sorry to say, some of our country Postmasters are the efficient agents in disseminating this trash.

Evidence of Prosperity.

Never, within the history of the country, has there been a time when enterprise meets so sure a reward as now. In every department of business this is more or less observable, but in none more so than in the success of railroads and kindred companies. Their increased receipts have not been confined to any section of the country, but are universal, betokening general prosperity in every department of business. The rise in railroad stocks has added a vast amount to the available property of the country, and is beginning to be felt in the increased abundance of money and the appetite it is creating for new schemes. The improvement is very favorable to new projects, as it enables them to negotiate their securities at favorable rates. On the whole, there has never been a period when the prospects of railroads were more flattering, and their rapid prospective growth more certain. Those now in operation are beginning to repay the cost of construction, and what is of still more importance, by opening a market for our productions, they afford us means which would have, but for the facilities of transportation they furnish, been entirely unavailable; means that enable us to go on with new works without pressure and embarrassment, which their first construction occasions.

Just Like Them.

The Buffalo *Courier* says that a very intelligent, fine-appearing fugitive slave came to that city a few days since destitute and friendless. After passing a few days with one of our wealthy citizens, who kindly provided him a home, and having learnt the names of some of our *leading* abolitionists, he called on them to solicit aid. After laying his case before two of the foremost in this great cause of humanity, the one gave him FIVE and the other SIX CENTS! Although these gentlemen prefer to do "good by stealth," still such acts of generosity should be published. They stand out as great events in the lives of these benevolent persons, and should be recorded to their honor.

☞ By a late act of Congress which goes into operation on the 15th instant Spanish and other foreign coins have been reduced in value. The Spanish quarters will hereafter be taken for only twenty cents.

☞ The *Gazette* has again been called upon to take up the cudgel in defence of the solvency of the Erie Bank, some of the Eastern Bank note Reporters having asserted that it was a "busted up" concern. This is cruel in the manager of that precious institution. He should not require so much work for so little pay.

Now and Then—A Parallel Drawn.

It is amusing to see with what steady, though not imperceptable strides the whig party and its leaders approach the platform of Democracy. A few years since opposition to the Independent Treasury was the "*summum bonum*"—the "chief good,"—of a true and loyal whig; and the extra session of Congress, called by Gen. Harrison before his death, was in session but a few days till the law was repealed. Now, however, the Independent Treasury stands so firm upon its foundation—the good sense of the country—that Mr. Fillmore does not deem it necessary to allude to it at all in his message.—Whigery *now* is not what it was *then* on this point, that is evident.

Again; one of the first acts of that extra session was the passage of a bill for the establishment of a National Bank, in accordance with the recommendation of Mr. Ewing, the Secretary of the Treasury. This was a *whig* measure *then*, and because President Tyler *vetoed* it, he was denounced as a second Arnold; and the light of whigery withdrawn from his countenance. *Now*, however, Mr. Corwin, Secretary of the Treasury, recommends no such measure—the President himself does not even hint at it,—and yet the whig party and its presses are as quiescent as lambs at the neglect. Here it is plain again, that whigery is not *now* what it was *then*.

This exercise of the President's prerogative by Mr. Tyler, in regard to the Bank, immediately brought into existance a fierce opposition to the Veto power. This was immediately incorporated in the whig creed; and from that time until General Taylor succeeded to the Presidency, denunciations of the "one man power" was a "pass card" to the hearts of all true and loyal whigs.—The position of Gen. Taylor in regard to the exercise of this power, conferred upon the President by the Constitution, is well known. His two Allison letters were so plain, that none could be mistaken. He would not exercise it, he declared, "except in cases of clear violation of the Constitution, or manifest haste and want of consideration by Congress." This was the *ne plus ultra* of true whigery *then*. But what says Mr. Fillmore *now*.—His "opinions will be frankly expressed," he declares, "and if any act should pass the two houses of Congress which should appear to *him* unconstitutional, or an encroachment on the just powers of other departments," *he* "will not shrink from the duty of returning it" with his objections. Thus flatly repudiating Gen. Taylor's and the whig party's doctrine in regard to the exercise of the veto, and planting himself upon the broad platform of the Democracy. Here again our opponents do not occupy the ground *now* they did *then*.

A Tariff for protection—a high tariff—in opposition to one for revenue, has been the rallying cry of our opponents almost ever since Webbstood God-father to old anti-masonry and "national republicanism," and baptised them with their present cognomen. But Mr. Fillmore has given them a new light—has discarded these dogmas upon which he came into power, and declares, in the language of the Democracy, that "A high tariff can never be permanent"—"it will cause dissatisfaction and will be changed,"—"it excludes competition, and thereby invites the investment of capital in manufactures to such excess, that when changed it brings distress, bankruptcy, and ruin, upon all who have been *misled* by *its faithless* protection"—and that duties are levied to "replenish the treasury," &c., &c. This, to use the language of a lead whig paper in this State in commenting on the message, "surrenders the whole question of protection" for which whigery has so long contended, and proves that upon yet one more point our opponents have been forced to acknowledge the wisdom and justice of Democratic measures and principles. We might pursue this parallel further, and show that the very platform upon which Gen. Cass stood in 1848 in regard to slavery in the territories, has been adopted and commended by a whig President, and received the hearty support of whig statesmen in 1850, but it is not necessary. The people see it, and feel it.

☞ The *Pennsylvanian* says that James M. Mason (Dem.) has been elected a Senator in Congress from Virginia. He was the caucus candidate, and got a large vote. This result is significant, and shows that although Virginia is warmly attached to the Union, she is not indisposed to keep in power one of those who have been especially devoted to Southern rights. Judge Mason, was the author of the Fugitive Slave Law, and is a gentleman of decided ability.

☞ It is announced, and the prospectus has been issued for the publication of a new paper at Harrisburg, which, it is said, will be National in its character—support President Fillmore's administration, and oppose Gov. Johnston and his Abolition and Antimasonic dynasty.—It is to be called the *State Journal*. There is "a good time coming," "wait a little longer."

☞ Because we can't see how an Editor can "war *with* slavery" in a State in which, slavery does not exist, like New Hampshire, the Northern *Democrat* thinks we are "more nice than wise," and that our "powers of close discrimination" are "far ahead of Locke," placing us, indeed, "beside the most minute of the German vaporists." We scarcely care where we are placed, so that it is not in the ranks of the Traitors of South Carolina and Massachusetts, or their echoes, the "higher-law" men of Mississippi and New York. From all such company, good Lord deliver us.

What Next?

It is announced in some of the papers that a Mr. F. C. Bakewell, has invented a mode of telegraphing by which he secures a fac simile of the hand writing in which a message is written. The characters of the original communication may be diminished or enlarged at pleasure, and the new machine may be applied to printed matter with even more facility than to manuscript. The discovery can be made available with the present wires and voltaic battery.

☞ The "Lawrence *Journal*" is requested to give credit when it copies from this paper hereafter. The article in its last number headed "God never mad a Loafer," belongs to us. We are not very tenacious about such things, but the *Journal* is in the habit of taking indiscriminately whatever it likes, without as much as "thank you."

The Magazines.

Godey's Lady's Book, for January, commencing the new year and new volume, is a splendid number, worthy of the fame Godey has heretofore acquired in its conduct. The engravings are from beautiful original designs, and entitled "The Constant," "The Four Eras of Life," "A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year," "The Sylphs of the Seasons," and others. The publication of a new American drama, called "The Judge," by the talented editress, Mrs. Sarah J. Hale, is commenced in this number. $3 per annum.

Graham has sent us an early copy of his *Magazine*, for January. It is got up in superb style. The engraving on the cover is a beautiful idea, beautifully illustrated.—"The Source of Prosperity," "Union Park," and "Evening in Persia," do great credit to this book. Graham is never behind his cotemporaries, and in some points of matter and embellishment, we think, exhibits a superior taste. His magazine always has been eminently American, and he deserves all the patronage bestowed upon him $3 per annum.

We can furnish either of the above Magazines and the *Observer* for $3 50—only fifty cents more than the cost of the Magazine. Now is an excellent time to subscribe.

☞ Col. J. R. Snowden, late Treasurer of the Philadelphia Mint, arrived in town yesterday, and is stopping with his brother-in-law, Judge Thompson.

Strange Phenomenon.

An English brig, the Ellen Anne, was lately struck by a meteoric stone, while in the British Channel. The report was like a musket charge, and the planking of the deck was torn up and perforated in several places as if by musket shots. No signs of a thunder storm were to be seen or heard, though the day was dull and lowering, with a fresh breeze. The occurrence is said to be very rare in the British Channel, though frequent up the Mediterranean.

☞ Whatever we do, we do from habit. Once commence doing good, and you will find, in a short time, it is as easy as lying.

SHARP PEN AND SCISSOR SPLINTERS.

"A thing of Shreds and Patches"

FOR THE WORLD'S FARE.—It is said that Barnum is about to make arrangements to send an Erie County Jury to the World's Fare. It would pay.

☞ A country girl, in writing home about the Polka, says the dancing is not much, but the hugging is heavenly! The woman should be dieted.

☞ How true the saying, that "all manner of crimes may be proved against the unfortunate; but the successful never sin."

☞ Nature is spoken of in the feminine gender, because she is so extravagant in rich carpets, drapery, dress and perfumery.

☞ An honest farmer thus writes to the Chairman of an English agricultural society—"Gentlemen, please put me down on your list of cattle for a bull."

☞ A late English writer, in speaking of the United States says: "It is the land of large farms and thinly peopled grave yards."

☞ Elihu Burritt says that the best *cough drops* for young ladies are to *drop* the practice of dressing thin when they go out in the night air.

☞ Somebody sent the Editor of the Carlisle *Democrat* a head of cabbage the other day. Sourkrout Editorials, it is presumed, will be at a discount in "old mother Cumberland" hereafter.

☞ The man with a "brick in his hat" was in town on Thanksgiving day. He swore he'd rather have a bottle of the "real stingo" than all the newspapers in the world. *Happy freeman.*

☞ If all men were just, says some one, all men would be happy. But there is an "if" in the way, and that "if" is a bad stumbling block in an Editor's path.

☞ The origin of the "Vegetarians" or Bran Bread people, which has long puzzled the learned, has at length been discovered. They sprung from Nebuchadnezzar when he was an ox. That accounts for bran-bread Greeley being such a *calf*.

☞ They are going to have a House of Refuge in Pittsburg. All right—no city in the Union needs it more, and the very first person that should go in it, or the Penitentiary, is the Mayor.

☞ James Gordon Bennett has gone to Havanna, and will not return until the marks and stripes are effaced, which he received from having indulged too freely in the Graham system.

☞ "The Southern Press," published at Washington as the organ of southern disunionists, ridicules meetings in favor of maintaining the Union, in the same style that they are disparaged at the north be free soil, abolition, and quasi free soil papers.

☞ Two dramatists of the femine gender, had an "affair of honor," in N. York City recently—one flourished a bowie knife and the other pulled hair. The hair puller was victorious.

☞ Isaac Luser, an eminent Hebrew scholar of Philadelphia, appeals to the Jewish public to aid his enterprise in the publication of a "New Translation of the Holly Scriptures." How many times must the word of God be altered before we get it correct!

☞ A member of the Connecticut Assembly moved for leave to bring a bill *for extending the powers* of justices. Another requested, as a previous motion, that a statute might be passed *to extend their capacities.*

☞ Theodore Parker compares some men who grow suddenly rich to cabbages growing in a violet bed; they smother the violets, but are, after all, nothing but cabbage made.

☞ The bells jingled right merily in our streets this week. The music was very pleasant, but very dear. They remind us of the *belles* of our time—flourishing for a brief season, were pleasant to the eye, and very, very *dear*.

☞ The whigs of the Empire State are getting amiable. The followers of Fillmore call the Sewardites, "Wooly-Heads," while the admirers of that "Higher-law" politician return the compliment by calling the others "Silver-grays." Both names are quite appropriate.

☞ At a printers' festival, held in Nashville, the "type stick" was toasted, and described as "the charmed casket by which the printer holds the destinies of empires and states and communities, as in the hollow of his hand."

☞ If you wish to become a great man in this world you must make a great noise. Modest men stand no more chance for success than a bob-tailed horse in fly time. It is not the shepherd, but the sheep with the bell that the flock follows. Again we say, "Go in lemons," and make a splurge.

☞ An Ark is being built by a man down East, in anticipation of the next flood—of tears shed by his wife, when he refuses to take her to the opera. He thinks he can weather the storm.

☞ A bale of cotton, recently, sent from Liverpool to the Aberdeen railway, was found on being opened, to contain a live cat, which from her emaciated appearance, was judged to have made the passage across the Atlantic, in that manner. Did she go through the cotton press! Whoever answers, do so *cat*-egorically.

☞ The Editor of the *Gazette* want's about "twelve inches" of snow, "packed and crisped," to "raise his spirits." We hope the Clerk of the Weather will take pity on him; but if not, a quart of Monongahela would do as well, perhaps. *That's* Gov. Johnston's experience.

☞ The following beautiful stanza is from the German. How many of us live day after day, till days turn into months, and months into years, in hope of some fancied good, and when at last our goal is reached and that for which we have pined is attained, find "our hope and joys shaded," our anticipations turned to ashes on our lips:

Beside the stream that gently flows,
At morning dawn I saw a rose
In modern beauty blushing;
More fair than all on earth beside,
It bent above the crystal tide,
And listened to its gushing.
Beside the stream that gently flows,
At eventide I saw the rose
But all the leaves were faded;
Such is thy fate, Oh man!—an hour
Thou liv'st in hope, but like the flower,
Thy hope and joys are shaded.

☞ It is said that the man that whips his wife, in company with the man that quarrels with a fool and strikes a cripple, left town the other day in quest of the man who borrows his neighbor's newspaper, for the purpose of forming a copartnership in the busines of purloining playthings from sick infants and blind children.

☞ The Boston *Times* says that a man eats up a pound of sugar, and the pleasure he has enjoyed is ended; but the information he gets from a newspaper is treasured up in the mind, to be enjoyed anew and to be used whenever occasion or inclination calls for it. Of course the *Times* means if the man has mind enough to treasure it up, and principle enough to pay for it.

AWFUL.—The ladies of Williamsport eat raw turnips in the streets, and in doing so make such a "crushing sound indicating a terrible destruction of vegetable matter," that the Editor of the *Gazette* of that village mistakes the sound sometimes for the mastication of "a horse or an ox." This is awful, and we do not wonder that he is an incorrigible bachelor.

Washington, Dec. 10.

Mr Butler introduced a bill to refund South Carolina the moneys advanced in 1838 to pay the troops engaged in the Seminole War. Referred to Military Committee.

Mr. Gwinn, Ca., introduced a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to enquire into the expediency of increasing sa'aries of District judges in California.

Mr. Hale moved to amend by inserting also the salary of the District Judge of New Hampshire.—He said the salary now allowed that Judge not was sufficient to enable him to live.

Mr. Gwinn said that plenty of persons in New Hampshire were willing to take the office, but in California there were no Judges, because no person would take the Judgship at the present salary.

Several private bills were taken up and passed, when the Senate went into Executive Session.

House of Representatives.—The credentials of Mr. Messery, delegate from New Mexico, were presented to the Committee on Territory.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Wentworth, of Ill. recommending the act granting peremptory rights to actual settlers and extending the time of payment.

Mr. Hall of Missouri, reported a bill granting rights of way through that state to St. Joseph's.

Mr. Holmes, S. C., asked leave to introduce a resolution instructing the Military committee to report a bill conferring on Winfield Scott the title of Lt. General. Objected to.

Mr. Harris, Ill., reported a bill for Reciprocity with Canada. Referred.

Mr. Sill[illegible], introduced a bill for the punishment of I[illegible] and also their civilization. Ref.

Mr. Ham[illegible], Pa., reported a bill granting land for constructing the Ohio and Penna. Railroad.—Referred.

Mr. Pearce gave notice of a joint resolution, providing for appointment of Regents of Smithsonian Institute.

A communication from the War Department, in reply to resolutions calling for proceedings of Court Martial on private soldiers was received.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union, when several ineffectual attempts were made to take up the River and Harbor bill, and also the cheap postage bill.

PRINTER'S INK!

An invoice of Printer's Ink, (Mather's manufacture) consisting of News, Book, Job, and Colored Inks, (Red, Blue and Green,) just received and for sale at Buffalo prices, at the office of the ERIE OBSERVER.
Erie, Sept. 28, 1850.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER!

PEPSIN, an artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice! a great Dyspepsia curer, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig the great Physiological Chemist by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation and Debility, curing after nature's own method, by nature's own agent the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF THE ABOVE ARTICLE JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY CARTER AND BROTHER, NO. 6, REED HOUSE. Also, by DR. P. HALL, No. 1, HUGHS' BLOCK.

MARRIED.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. H. F Hartman, Mr. Philip Schmith, of this city, and Miss Margarett Wolf, of Millcreek.

In Fairview, on Thursday, 28th ult., by Rev. Mr. Pressly, Mr D. H. Hays, of Waterford, and Miss Lucinda Dunn of the former place.

DIED.

On the 30th Nov., Charles, only son of Christine and Casemer Sigel, aged 8 years and 6 months.

On the 10th inst., after a short illness, Mrs. Christine, wife of Casemer Sigel, aged 31 years 6 months and 20 days.

At Brownsville, Texas, on the 28th of October last, Dr William Perry Wallace, youngest son of the late Dr J. C. Wallace, of this place aged 36 years.

RETURNED.

Detained by business, my recent absence from Erie was prolonged beyond expectation; but my office is now open for the reception of visitors and friends with whom business appointments were made are requested to call.
Office in Beatty's building, near the Court House.
W. E. MAGILL, Dentist.
Erie, Dec. 11, 1850. n31

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at Public Vendue, at the residence of the subscriber, in Greene township, on Thursday, the 19th inst., [illegible] Merino Sheep, 2 Cows, Hogs, one last spring Colt, Farming [illegible], Household Furniture, and various other articles. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Terms made known at sale.
Greene, December 11, 1850. ASA WHITCHER.

For Sale Cheap.

A GOOD COW—For particulars enquire at this office.
Dec. 11, 1850.

CASH PAID FOR CORN.—The subscriber will pay cash for 2,000 bushels corn, in the ears, if delivered soon.
December 11, 1850. D. S. CLARK.

OATS WANTED.—The highest market price will be paid for 5000 bushels Oats at the store of D. S. CLARK'S.

BUFFALO ROBES.—50 Buffalo Robes for sale very cheap by D. S. CLARK.

BARLEY BARLEY for sale by D. S. CLARK.

ERIE & NORTH EAST RAIL ROAD.

NOTICE is hereby given of an election of officers for the Erie & North East Railroad Company, for the ensuing year, to be held at the office of the company, in Erie, on Tuesday, the 1st day of January next, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M. J. C. SPENCER, Sec'y.
Erie, Dec. 11, 1850. n31

STRAY CATTLE.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber in Green Township, about the last of May, two Red Steers; one is about four years old, with white hind feet, some white on the belly and the end of the tail. The other is about three years old with a star in the face, white hind feet, and some white on the belly. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
WM. A. BEAN.
Dec. 9, 1850. n31

G. LOOMIS & CO.

HAVE just returned from New York with the largest Stock of Goods in their line ever offered in Erie, and are constantly receiving additions which will enable their friends and customers to select many rich and desirable articles which are not generally found west of the large cities, embracing a great variety of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Ear and Finger Rings, Gold Breast Pins, Bracelets, Chains, Keys, Belt Slides and Buckles, Gold Pens and Pencils, Lockets, Thimbles, &c.

They will be enabled in a few days to furnish any who may want, an Extra Fine English Lever Movement of their own importation. Those wishing extra heavy Hunter or other Cases, can be accommodated with any weight they choose for these movements. It will afford a rare opportunity to select.
Erie, December 14, 1850.

FRENCH Alabaster and Egyptian Marble Mantle three weeks Clocks, finest finish, at G. LOOMIS & Co's.
Dec 12, 1850.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—A lot of Toys and other things, suitable presents for the coming Holidays, at G. LOOMIS Co., State st.
December 10.

CLOCKS.—A variety of O G, double O G, Marine, Gothic, Imitation Black Marble, 30 hour and Eight Day Alarm Clocks, wholesale and retail, by G. LOOMIS & CO.
Dec 14, 1850.

SOLAR Lamps, Girandoles, Chimnies, Globes, Wicks, a variety at G. LOOMIS & CO.

Still Buying.

AND paying the highest price for any quantity of Domestic Flannel, Socks, Yarns, Dried Apples and Peaches.
Erie, Dec. 14. LAIRD & RUST.

SHAWLS.—Long and square Bay State, Cashmire and other Long Shawls; prices 75 cents to thirty dollars for sale by FULLERTON.

RUBBER SHOES.—2000 Pair Women's, Men's and Childrens, of all desirable styles, at less prices than be found in Erie. J. H. FULLERTON

AVOID Damp Feet—go to Fullerton's and buy a pair Cork soles.

GROCERIES.—30 chests Tea, 60 Bags Coffee, 15 Hhds. Sugar, 50 Boxes Raisins, 6 Barrels Rice, for sale wholesale and retail by J. H. FULLERTON.

DOMESTICS.—20 Bales Brow Sheetings, 17 bales batts, Wick and Yarns, 48 pieces Ticks, 50 pieces striped Shirtings, 40 pices Drills, 100 pieces bleached Muslins, as cheap as can be found in this market, for sale by
Dec 14, 1850. J. H. FULLERTON.

1500 SIDES Sole Leather,
1200 Jersey and French CALFSKINS,
1000 Sides Upper,
500 Morocco,
1400 Linings and Bindings of every article of Shoe Kit and Findings, by J. H. FULLERTON.
Dec 4, 1850.

SMOKED SALMON.

A FRESH supply just received at MOORES GROCERY STORE.

WHITE FISH—100 bbls. and half do. Mackinaw and Detroit River White Fish; also, a lot of Mackeriel and Shad for sale cheap at MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

WINES & LIQUORS—A fine article of Wines and Liquors, of all kinds, can be found at MOORE'S GROCERY.

TEAS TEAS—A new arrival of those splendid, cheap Teas both Green and Black at MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

SUGARS—Loaf, crushed, pulverized, Coffee crushed Porto, Rico, N. O. and Havana Sugars, together with every article usually found in a Grocery Store can be found at T. W. MOORE'S.

FRESH EGGS—200 doz. Fresh Eggs just received at
Erie, Dec. 14, 1850. MOORES GROCERY STORE.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted the subscriber on the Estate of Chester D. Church, late of Venango, Erie Co., deceased. All persons therefore indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment without delay; and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
MARY CHURCH, Administratrix
Venango, Dec. 14, 1850.

REMOVED!

THE subscriber has removed his Fancy Dry Goods Store from No. 1 to 2, Commercial Exchange, where he offers for sale a general assortment of Clothing and Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at lower rates than can be had elsewhere. Please call and examine for yourselves, and if not so don't buy.
Erie, Dec. 14, 1850. MOSES KOCH.

Notice.

ALL those knowing themselves indebted to the Subscriber will take notice that I am bound to have my books settled by the first of February, and those who will not come and pay me before that time shall come, and pay a justice with costs after that.
Erie, Dec. 14, 1850. MOSES KOCH.

ONCE MORE ON SHAWLS, AT NO. 1, REED HOUSE.

I HAVE just received another stock of Shawls, purchased with cash down, and offer them on the following terms. I will sell as good an article at $2 as can be produced for $3—as good a one at $3 50 as for $5, and as good a one for $5 as for $7 from any store in Erie, where the Hand Bellows, Key Bugle or Trombone are employed until the operator, in endeavoring to produce loud sounds, imagines himself Falstaff junior.

N. B.—The above figures are not made with reference to "putting the tariff" on the balance of my stock at present or next season. I intend continuing on the cheap system throughout, and underselling as usual, any House that buys on long credit.
Erie, Dec. 11, 1850. J. D. CLARK.

Be it Known, The Empire Has Spoken!!

THE fiat has gone out, that the mouths of all one horse croakers in the Sleepy Borough must be stopped. I suppose I am included among the small croakers. I must be permitted to say before my mouth is entirely paralized, that I shall continue to sell Goods cheaper than the Emperor, for the simple reason that I can afford to. My expenses of conducting business are much less—am not obliged to tariff my goods to pay traveling expenses to New York every month. My twenty years experience in the goods business exclusively must, to say the least, put me on equal footing with the Emperor in the purchase of goods. If my 200 Bay State Shawls have so alarmed the Emperor, I will now give notice that I am expecting 200 more of the same sort, which will be sold at the lowest figures, by C. M. TIBBALS.
Erie, Dec. 11, 1850. Cheapside.

New Goods.

J. H. FULLERTON is now receiving direct from New York the largest Stock of Goods he has ever offered in Erie. Having purchased at greatly reduced prices, he is prepared to sell on terms that will prove satisfactory to purchasers at wholesale or retail.

CLOTHS—Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds and Jeans, a large assortment, at low prices, by J. H. FULLERTON.

French Merinoes—Paramattas, Mohairs and Delains cheap as the cheapest at FULLERTONS.

Curriers' Tools—A full assortment, at FULLERTON'S.
Dec. 7

SILKS.—Black and colored Dress Silks, good stock, at
Dec. 7, 1850. FULLERTON'S.

McGuffey's School Books,

RECEIVED this morning, direct from the publishers, a fresh supply of McGuffey's School Books. Schools supplied by the dozen. O. SPAFFORD.
December 7, 1850. Corner of French and 6th streets.

NOTICE.

ALL those who know themselves indebted to the firm of J. Koch & Co., are hereby notified that the Books and Accounts are left in the hands of Moses Koch for settlement, and must be paid before the 25th of this month or they will be sued without respect to persons. The firm having been dissolved since last August, it is full time that their accounts were paid. M. KOCH. J. KOCH.
Erie, Dec. 7, 1850.

100 Bbls Coarse Salt, 100 do. Fine for sale at C. M. TIBBALS.

WHITE Fish, Mackinaw Trout, Cod Fish, Lime and Plaster for sale at C. M. TIBBALS.

BOOTS & Shoes.
4 cases misses Thick Boots,
3 " Kip "
2 " Calf "
3 " Boys thick, "
2 " Kip "
Childrens coarse and fine Shoes and Bootees, for cash at the very lowest figures. Work warranted first rate or no sale, by
Dec 7. C. M. TIBBALS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

A LARGE stock of Mulbury Light Blue, Flowery Blue and common Crockery. Ten and dining Setts complete. Also a good assortment of Glass Ware, at C. M. TIBBALS, Cheap Side.
Dec. 7, 1850.

AXES.

39 doz. Miles White & Co's superior Cast Steel Axes for sale by the doz. or single—warranted GEO. SELDEN & SON.

FLOUR.—75 Bbls. just in and for sale by
Dec. 7. GEO. SELDEN & SON.

FAMILY BIBLES.—A choice lot of family bibles, the best in town, just received and for sale uncommon cheap by
Dec. 7, 1850. O. SPAFFORD.

OLD Ohio Whiskey—50 barrels just received by LAIRD & RUST.

NOTICE.

THE Books and accounts of Dr. G. Langsdorff are in the hands of the subscriber for collection. Those knowing themselves to be indebted, will call and arrange, and save costs.
Erie, Nov. 30, 1850. MERVIN SMITH.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN 17 or 18 years of age, who has had some experience in a Dry Goods Store, and is acquainted with the German and English language, and can come well recommended, will find a good situation. Apply at
Erie, Nov. 30 1850. n29 THIS OFFICE.

THE DULCIMER:

Or the New York Collection of Sacred Music.

CONSTITUTING a large and choice variety of new Tunes, Chants, Anthems, Motetts, etc., from the best Foreign and American composers, with all the old tunes in common use, together with a concise elementary course, simplified and adapted to the capacities of beginners. The whole comprising the most complete collection of sacred music ever published, for sale at the Bookstore of O. SPAFFORD.
Erie, Nov. 30, 1850. n29

200 Bay State Shawls.

I Have just received 200 Bay State Shawl of the different qualities and sizes, which I will sell at less than the New York wholesale prices were in Sept. Prices from $2 50 to $6 for the larger sizes and finest quality shawls. C. M. TIBBALS.
Erie, Nov. 23, 1850. n29

CLOTHS! CLOTHS! and Cassimeres from Auction. I have on hand a larger stock than ever of Cloths and Cassimeres, which I purchased at auction, for cash at the lowest figures. As an earnest of it, I will sell a good

Dyed in the wool Black Cloth, for	$1 75 per Yard.	
Green do from	$1 50 to 2 75	do
Brown do from	2 00 to 3 00	do
Blue (warranted Indigo,)	2 50	do
Drab for overcoats from	2 25 to 3 00	do
Olive, Green and Brown	2 50	do

Also, Black, Blue Black and Fancy Doe Skin Cassimeres from $1 to $2 per yard. C. M. TIBBALS.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

BLACK, Drab, Mazarine Blue & Changeable figured and striped cotton and silk warp Alapacas and Lustres, an over stock which I must sell at reduced prices; some as low as 18 pence per yard. C. M. TIBBALS.

WANTED.—500 bush. Dried Apples, 500 yds. Domestic Flannel, 2,000 pairs Wool Socks, 2,000 lbs. Wool Yarn for which I will pay the highest market price in goods at the lowest figures.
Erie, Nov. 30, 1850. C. M. TIBBALS.

ERIE ACADEMY.

THE Winter Term of the Erie Academy commences on Monday, December 9, 1850, under the superintendence of
J. HENRY BLACK, A. B.,
Teacher of Languages and the Natural Sciences.
DELAVAN DE LONG, A. B.,
Teacher of Mathematics and German.
Mr. SAMUEL LOW,
Teacher of Practical Surveying and Civil Engineering.
Miss SARAH KIBBE,
Principal Teacher in the Female Department,
Miss CATHARINE B. BEBEE,
Teacher of Music.

Tuition Per Quarter.

In the Languages,	$4 00
In Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, &c.,	3 00
In Primary Studies,	2 00

There are no extra charges connected with the Academy except for Music and Drawing. The charge for Music is $6; for Drawing $2.

The regular time for admission is at the beginning or middle of the term. No one will be admitted for less than half a quarter.

From the pleasant and healthful location of the Academy, the advantages which it possesses of Philosophical and Astronomical Apparatus, and the ability of the teachers both to impart knowledge and discipline the conduct, it is confidently believed that very superior inducements are presented to all who may be desirous of pursuing a course of systematic and thorough instruction. For the benefit of those desiring to prepare themselves for teaching, particular instruction will be given with a view to that object, both in the branches usually taught in schools and in the theory of imparting instruction.
M. Whallon, Sec. n29 JOHN GALBRAITH, Pres. Erie, Nov. 30, 1850.

Cash for Lumber!

THE Subscribers are prepared to pay CASH for any quantity of Whitewood Lumber, viz. ¾ and 4-4 Boards; 1¼, 2¼, 3 and 4 inch Plank; Column 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 inches square, and 3 by 4 Scantling. Ash of the following thickness. 1¼, 1½, 2½, 3 and 4 inches; Cherry and all kinds of shipping lumber. The Subscribers will make contracts for any amount of the above mentioned Lumber to be delivered the coming season. Twelve foot is the most desirable length to have Lumber sawed.
Erie, Nov. 30, 1850. GEO. SELDEN & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

CALL in and see if there has not been a real Resurrection at the corner of French and 6th streets, where the subscriber will be on hand at all times ready to inquire after the faith of his customers, (still believing, as he expresses himself, that every man has a right to his own opinion,) and also to show them the best stock of Miscellaneous,

School-Books and Family Bibles,

ever brought to this place. Also, on hand a splendid assortment of Blank books of his own manufacture, warranted to be of paper of the best quality, all of which will be sold low for cash or clean paper rags.

N. B. On hand 15 barrels of Cider Vinegar, of excellent quality to be exchanged for rags or Cash.

Binding done to order on short notice.

Expected shortly a large lot of Christmas Books and Annuals.
Erie, Nov. 21. OLIVER SPAFFORD.

Brilliant Light.

300 GALLONS of William's Prize Camphine, a very clear and beautiful Preparation and warranted to burn with superior brilliancy. CARTER & BROTHER.
Erie, Nov. 30, 1850.

500 YDS. Muslin de Lanes and Cashmeres of new designs and styles just opened; some will be sold as low as one shilling per yard: Good patterns figured and plain.
Nov. 30, 1850. C. M. TIBBALS.

HAY KNIVES, Gate Hinges and Latches, at
Nov. 23, 1850. RUFUS REED.

SLEIGH BELLS and Skates, a good assortment at the Cheap Hardware store. RUFUS REED.

BRASS & GLASS Curtain Pins, of different patterns, at
Nov. 23, 1850. RUFUS REED.

MEASURING TAPES, 66 and 50 feet, with folding handles, at No. 3 Reed House. RUFUS REED.

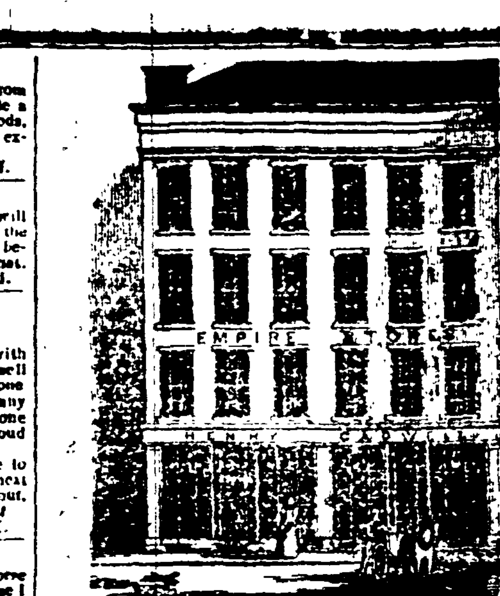
MACKEREL, by the Barrel, half and quarter barrel and in Kits, for sale by D. S. CLARK.

BRICK DUST—A new article for cleaning knives, for sale by
Erie, Nov. 22. D. S. CLARK.

INDIA RUBBER Steam Packing and Packing Yarn, for sale by
Nov. 23. n28 D. S. CLARK.

300 GRAIN BAGS for sale by D. S. CLARK.
Nov. 23, 1850. n28

50 BARRELS White Fish, 100 half barrels White Fish, and 100 ¼ do. D. S. CLARK.



THE EMPIRES ARE HERE.

H. CADWELL has just returned from New York with a large stock of goods of all kinds that will be sold for cash at prices that will close the mouths of small croakers, until the frost comes out in the spring. Our stock being too large to enumerate, I will briefly give the price of a few articles. 200 Long Shawls, good Styles, warranted all wool, 63 by 126 inches, at from 20 to 28 shillings. 200 Bay State, Waterloo, and Empire Shawls, the largest size, 72 by 144 inches. The third No. as low as $4,00, the manufacturers price in Oct. was $5,25 by the hundred. The fairest quality and the best shawls ever laid down in Erie, at $7,00! This article could not be purchased of the maker in Oct. for less than $8,00. Prints as low as five cents, warranted fast colors, and all goods in proportion. Now is the time! —next year goods must be higher. H. CADWELL.
Dec. 7, 1850.

SAWS.

CIRCULAR, Mill, X Cut, Tenant, Hand, Pannel, Back, Wood and Keyhole Saws, for sale by. GEO. SELDEN & SON.

FLOUR, FLOUR.—C. Zinn's best superfine Flour for sale by the subscriber at the market price, warranted the best or the money refunded [Dec 7, 1850.] M. KOCH.

$5000 CANAL BONDS wanted; also, a few shares of Erie and North East Rail Road Stock, by
December 7, 1850. LAIRD & RUST.

MUFFS—Of superior quality, for sale by
December 7, 1850. LAIRD & RUST.

Gloves and Hosiery.

A SPLENDID stock of Gloves of the elastic French Kid, of assorted colors, and white and black, both for Ladies and Gentlemen also, Merino, Alpacca, wool, silk and cotton Hose, very nice, just opened by LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

STOVE BLACKING—The best ever seen, for sale by
Dec. 7, 1850. LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

FOR RENT.

THE House now occupied by J. W. Dean, as a Boarding House, and known as the Bank House, in this city. It is well calculated for that purpose, and the rent will be reasonable. Apply before the first of January, 1851.
Erie, Nov. 21, 1850. I. ROSENZWEIG, & Co.

"Better Late Than Never"

WE are now receiving our stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which have been selected with care, and we think the public will say with taste. The assortment is very general, and contains some styles of Dress Goods not before in this market, as they have been imported within two weeks. We invite the visits of Cash Customers, and those who have produce to exchange, and feel confident we can stand the test of comparison in style and prices with all others. No trouble to show goods.
Nov. 23. LESTER SENNETT & CHESTER.

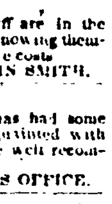
MORE OF THE SAME SORT.

200 YDS. more of those dollar French Merino, just received by express. C. M. TIBBALS,
Dec. 7, 1850. Cheap Side.

GROCERIES—Teas Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Molasses, sperm and Tallow Candles, Saleratus, starch, &c, by S. JACKSON.

DYE STUFFS—Madder Indigo, Logwood, Fustic, Annetto, Niewood, &c, by JACKSON.

Tailoring Done in New York Style.



THE undersigned respectfully returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally for their liberal patronage for the last three years, and solicits a continuance of the same. Having received the Fall and Winter Fashions for 1850, he feels confident that he is able to execute all orders intrusted to his care in the best style, as he employs none but the best workmen. Notwithstanding the cry of slopshop (alias slaughter-house) "cut and make," he pledges himself that all garments cut and made by him that do not fit, to pay for the cloth. Gentlemen who are desirous of having their clothes made "well" will do well to call on the subscriber. As good mechanics will not work without their pay in cash, he must commence on the principle of paying and being paid in cash.—The following are his prices:

Fine Dress or Frock Coat,	$6 00
" Sack "	5 00
" Over "	$6 to 10 00
Pantaloons,	1 50
Vests,	1 50

N. B.—Cutting done at the usual cash prices.
Erie, Oct 5. JOHN GOALDING.

MRS. H. S. WARD,

WOULD say to her patrons and friends that she is now ready to wait on them with a great variety of

Fall and Winter Millinery,

consisting of Velvets, Satins, watered Silks, uncut Velvet, Ribbons, French Flowers in a great variety, and prices to suit customers; and in fact every thing in the Millinery line too numerous to mention. Bonnetts and Caps always on hand.

Country Milliners can and will be furnished with Goods and Fashions, on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased in Buffalo, or any other place west of it.
Erie, Oct. 26, 1850. n24

W. E. MAGILL, DENTIST.

HAS removed his OFFICE from the Reed House to BEATTY'S BUILDING, on the Public Square near the Court House.
Erie, Nov 9, 1850. 26

ERIE CITY MILLS.

HAS water for Custom Grinding and Flouring on short notice. The proprietors return thanks to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, and solicit a continuance of the same. Flour constantly on hand by the barrel and retail, at the lowest rates. H. S. FAY, Agent & Miller.
Erie, Nov. 2, 1850. 25

Bran, Shorts, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour for sale at the lowest rates. WANTED—20,000 bush. of wheat, and 10,000 bush. of Corn.

FOR THE LADIES—Carter & Brother have just received a splendid lot of LUBIN & PIVER'S genuine Extracts—Jean Marie, Farina, Cologne Genevieve—a lot of elegant Toilet Perfume, bottles and bags—Buffalo horn and rosewood, Hair Brushes, Dressing Combs, Shell Side Combs, Ivory Thimble Cases, Emery Bags, Fancy Boxes, &c. CARTER & BROTHER.
Erie, November 23, 1850. n25

JOHN H. BURTON, DRUGGIST, NO. 5 REED HOUSE,

BEGS leave to inform the public that he is in receipt of his Fall and Winter supply of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes, Teas, &c., &c all of which he offers for sale at prices which he is confident will suit purchasers.

It is his intention to sell medicines which are pure, fresh and genuine. The profession may depend upon such being delivered whether to themselves or to their order. All wishing articles in this line are invited to give him a call.
Erie, Nov. 2, 1850. n25

EXTRA MEDICINES.—J. H. Burton, No 5, Reed House, having obtained a supply of Messrs. Schieffelin & Co.'s "Powdered Extra Medicines," is prepared to put up Physician's prescriptions, Family Compounds, &c., with accuracy and of such materials as will not in their operation disappoint the physician or patient. Medicine may be obtained at any hour of the day or night. 24

PEKIN TEAS—A new supply of these superior Teas, fresh warranted to suit, just receive by J. H. BURTON.

SEGARS.—15,000 of the finest flavor imported Principe segars, the best I ever had, for sale by the box or at retail.
November 2 1850. J. H. BURTON.

FINE LETTER PAPER—Ruled and unruled, French, English hand laid and best American, gilt edged; also note paper envelopes and other fine stationery, for sale by J. H. BURTON

LARD AND Sperm Oil, by the barrel or gallon, constantly on hand by J. H. BURTON.

DRIED APPLES!

THE highest market price will be paid for Dried Apples—corner store of LAIRD & RUST.

CHESTNUTS!

500 BUSH. wanted at the corner store
Erie, Nov. 2. LAIRD & RUST.

On Hand Again.

I HAVE now on hand any quantity of first quality WHEAT FLOUR, which I will deliver in any part of the City, free of charge. Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Bran and Chop Feed, always on hand, cheap for the cash. JOHN ELLIOT.
Oct. 26, 1850. n21 Millcreek Mills.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted the subscriber, on the Estate of James Miles, late of Greene, Erie county, deceased. All persons, therefore, indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment without delay; and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
Greene, Nov 8, 1850. WILLIAM GRAHAM, of Greene Tp., Administrator.
n28

Notice in General.

NOT having time and the publishers not having space enough in their paper to enumerate all my articles in trade, I will merely state that I have every thing generally kept in a Grocery Store and a great many articles not kept by some, all of which will be sold cheap for Cash or Produce. Give me a call and satisfy yourself. W. F. RINDERNECHT.
Erie, Nov. 9, 1850. m6n26

A VERY nice assortment of Pickles in Jars for family use; also Catsup, for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

VERMECILLI and Maccaroni for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

20 KITS No 1 Mackerel. Also eight barrels and half bbls. No. 1 and 2 Mackerel and Shad, for sale by the bbl. or lb! by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

40 BOXES No. 1 scale Hering for sale by the box by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

100 BBLS. Coarse and Fine Salt, also coarse salt in bags, for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

CEDAR Churns Cedar Tubs and Keelers, and any variety of kinds of Tubs and Pails for sale by RINDERNECHT.

1 DOZ. boys [Jenny Lind] Sleighs, for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received a full supply of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware Crockery, &c. &c.

In the above stock may be found almost every variety of Gentlemen's and Ladies' Dress Goods. They invite their old customers and those intending to purchase, to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Erie, Nov. 23, 1850. JAMES HUGHES & CO.

OYSTERS!! OYSTERS!!!

THE Subscriber has received, and will continue to receive, Oysters direct from the bed, in small and large cans. Private families and parties supplied on the shortest notice, and on liberal terms. Orders from the country and distant towns attended to with despatch. D. S. CLARK.
Erie, Nov 23, 1850 n29

LIVER COMPLAINT,

JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

And all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, inward Piles, fullness, or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fulness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS, PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 120, Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

Chas. Robinson, Esq., Easton, Md., in a letter to Dr. Jackson, Jan. 9, 1850, said—

"My wife and myself have received more benefit from your medicine than any other we have ever taken for the Dyspepsia and Liver disease."

"The Tenth Legion," published at Woodstock, Va., January 10, 1850, said—

"A GREAT MEDICINE."

"We have uniformly refrained from recommending to the public any of the various Patent Medicines of the day, unless thoroughly convinced of their value. Among those we consider worthy of notice is the German Bitters, invented by Dr. Hoofland, and prepared by Dr. Jackson, in Philadelphia. One instance in particular, in which the superior virtues of this medicine have been tested, has fallen under our observation. During the last summer, a son of Mr. Abraham Crabill, of this county, was very seriously affected with Liver Complaint, and after trying in vain various remedies, he purchased a bottle of the Bitters, and after using it, was so much relieved of his distressing malady, that he procured another bottle, and is restored entirely to health."

READ FURTHER A FEW FACTS.

The "Philadelphia Democrat," the leading German Journal of Philadelphia. The editor says, November 24th.

"We again call attention to the removal of the German Medicine Store, the principle depot for the sale of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, from 278 Race to 120 Arch street, one door below Sixth. Owing to the increased demand for this medicine, and for the accommodation of his numerous patients, Dr. Jackson has been compelled to occupy a large store. We wish him success in his new quarters: he is deserving of it. The Bitters Mixture is without doubt the greatest medicine extant for diseases of the Liver and Bowels. A stubborn case of Chronic Diarrhœa has come under our notice, wherein the patient had exhausted the Materia Medicas of the different schools of medicine with no apparent benefit. He was induced to use these bitters, and a few bottles of them have entirely cured him. Many such cases we could refer to. We hope our readers will recollect this great restorative, should they be so unfortunate as to require its use. Dr. Jackson possesses the original unpublished receipt of Dr. Hoofland, and he prepares this medicine with great care. Those purchasing should call at his store, or see that his name is written upon the wrapper outside, and blown in the bottle, as imitations of all good articles are common."

Judge M. M. Noah a gentleman with great scientific and literary attainments, said in his "New York Weekly Messenger," January 6, 1850.

"Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.—Here is a preparation which the leading presses in the Union appear to be unanimous in recommending, and the reason is obvious. It is made after a prescription furnished by one of the most celebrated physicians of modern times, the late Dr. Christopher Wilhelm Hoofland, Professor to the University of Jena, Private Physician to the King of Prussia, and one of the greatest medical writers Germany has ever produced. He was emphatically the enemy of humbug, and therefore a medicine of which he was the inventor and endorser may be confidently relied on. He specially recommended it in Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Debility, Vertigo, Acidity of the Stomach, Constipation, and all complaints arising from a disordered condition of the stomach, the liver and the intestines. Nine Philadelphia papers express their conviction of its excellence, and several of its editors speak of its effects from their own individual experience. Under these circumstances, we feel warranted, not only in calling the attention of our readers to the present proprietor's (Dr. C. M. Jackson's) preparation, but in recommending the article to all afflicted."

MORE EVIDENCE.

The "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," the best family newspaper published in the United States, the editor says of

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and, therefore, when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised about for a brief period and then forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the Faculty itself."

Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor, is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular Physicians of Philadelphia than all other nostrums combined, a fact that can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.

That this medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt, after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver—it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to female or infant with safety and reliable benefit, at any time.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

This medicine has attained that high character which is necessary for all medicines to attain to induce counterfeiters to put forth a spurious article at the risk of the livers of those who are innocently deceived.

LOOK WELL TO THE MARKS OF THE GENUINE.

They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and the name blown in the bottle, without which they are spurious. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the

GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 120 Race street, one door below Sixth, (late of 278 Race st.,) Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers generally throughout the country. Sold also by Carter & Brother, Erie, Pa.; Lampson & Goff, McKean corners, Pa.; J. Curtis, Waterford, Pa.
Erie, October 12, 1850. 1yn22

LADIES will find a good assortment of Dress goods, consisting of French Merino, Thibet Merino, Poplins, De Lanes, Cashmeres, black, changeable, figured and plain Alpacas, &c. &c., received by express and for sale at a small advance from cost.
Sept. 22. GEO. SELDON & SON.

1087 Yards of English and American Prints, prices beginning at 4 cents and ending one shilling per yard, colors warranted fast as a rock. C. M. TIBBALS.

Keystone Paper Mills, ERIE, PA.

PERKINS & SELDEN.

MR. ELIHU MARVIN having disposed of his interest in the above establishment, and in the business of Marvin & Perkins, to Samuel Selden, the business will hereafter be conducted by the subscribers under the name of Perkins & Selden, who will settle all accounts of the late firm. Oct 19.
RUFUS L. PERKINS. SAMUEL SELDEN.

SWISS Collars, standing Collars, Lace Cuffs, Embroidered Under Sleeves, French Worked Lace Collars at
Oct. 19. C. M. TIBBALS.

THEY ARE HERE!!

AFTER almost daily receipts for several weeks I am happy to say my Fall and Winter Goods are here. By unwearied diligence and care I have purchased a full and complete assortment of the desirable late styles of Dress Goods. It has not been my aim to import the largest amount of goods, nor to buy any particular style by the Cord, (that being left to Buffalo exporters and Erie importers,) but to be always prepared and willing to show my customers as well selected and cheap a stock as Erie can produce. The public will not be bored by my enumerating an endless catalogue of murdered French and mangled Spanish names. I would only say in honest plain English to any person wishing to purchase, you will find a good assortment of French Merinoes, De Lains, Poplins and Alpacas, well spiced with some new styles of goods more fancy, and others more substantial—Especial pains is taken to have always on hand an extensive lot of the most popular SHAWLS of the season, which I will furnish to buyers at lower rates than any other dealer can.

CARPETS abound at No. 1, any quality, from a striped cotton to a super Three-ply, will be sold at unprecedented low rates; the styles are such that "to see is to admire."

DOMESTICS by the package, piece, or yard, at lower prices than any Erie Importer, Exporter, Jobber or Retailer, can reach.

GROCERIES as low as the times will admit of. 100 bbls. late caught White Fish and Trout, also 1000 bbls. Choice brands super fine FLOUR, will be offered at the lowest mark.
Nov. 16, 1850. J. D. CLARK,
28 No. 1, Reed House.

D. S. CLARK,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer & Ship Chandler, and dealer in Foreign Fruits, Wooden Ware, &c., &c.,

NO. 5, BONNELL BLOCK, ERIE, PA.

HAS in store and is receiving his Fall and Winter supply, embracing many of the good things of the earth in greater variety than was ever offered in this market. The undersigned flatters himself that an experience of twelve years in the business enables him to buy and sell low, and he is carefully to select none but good articles. The following is part of his stock:

Coffee—Rio, Laguira, Brazil and Gov. Java.

Sugars—a general assortment of Brown, Coffee Crushed, Powdered and Refined Loaf and Lump.

Teas—Old Hyson, Silver Leaf, Young Hyson, Superior and Imperial.

Black Teas, the best ever offered here.

Fruits—Raisins, in boxes, halves and quarters, Zante Currants and Figs.

Marseilles Oil, various brands, Florence do. in bottles, quarts and pints; Almonds, assorted qualities, shelled do., Maccaroni and Vermacelly, Filberts and Brazil Nuts, Mustard in kegs and boxes, best English, do. French in pots, Citrons, best Maderia. (new.) Lemon and Orange peel, (for Fruit Cake.) extracts of Lemon, Rose, Vanilla, Ntumeg, Celery, Peach, etc., etc.; India Curry powder, French Chocolate, superior article Broma and common do., Fancy Candies of all kinds, Rock do., red and white do. sugar almonds, plumbs, etc., etc., sugar dust for icing cake, assorted colors, sugar syrup, a very superor article, Spermacity Candles, (clear,) patent and star do., colored sperm and wax Candles. In short we have every thing that is usually found in establishments of the kind, except Wines and Liquors, which we do not consider necessary or useful to our customers or the public.
Erie, Nov. 16. D. S. CLARK.

LATEST ARRIVAL OF GROCERIES.

WM. F. RINDERNECHT has just received direct from New York, a large stock of wet and dry Groceries, also Wines and Liquors, Dye Stuffs, Nails, Glass, Willow and Woodenware, which he will sell wholesale or retail, as low as any other establishment in the city. Call and see for yourselves. Corner State and Fifth Streets.—Erie, Nov. 9, 1850. n21

30 BAGS Coffee, for sale by the bag, or less quantity, the cheapest in town at RINDERNECHT'S.

16 BBLS. Coffee crushed and Powdered Sugar, a very nice article, for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

15 HALF Chests of different prices of Old and Young Hyson Teas, also Black and Imperial Tea for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

Fall and Winter Millinery!

MRS. CURTIS would respectfully inform the Ladies of Erie and vicinity, that she has just returned from New York with a large and beautiful assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANY GOODS,

consisting of Bonnets of every style, Dress Caps, Tabs, Flowers Plumes, Ribbons, a great variety of Velvets, Silks, Satins, &c.—Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves and Mitts, best quality; French work Collars, Lace Capes, Muslin, Edgings, Insertings, Thread, Edgings, Lace Veils, black Lace Edging, materials for Mantillas, ready made Cloaks, Embroidery Patterns, Zepher and Berlin Worsted, Purse Trimmings, Steel Beads, Purse Twist, &c., &c. Hair Combs, a good assortment, and many other articles, all of which will be sold as low, wholesale and retail, as can be bought in the city.

☞ Milliners furnished with all articles in their line at reduced prices. Straw Bonnets Cleaned and pressed.
Erie, October 19, 1850. n22

SALT, Plaster, White Fish and Flour, a large quantity on hand at low prices by Nov. 7, 1850. H. CADWELL.

5000 Yds. Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings for sale from 6¼ to 13 cents per yard, by C. M. TIBBALS.

Clothing! Cloths and Cassimeres!

OLD THINGS HAVE BECOME NEW!!

THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of his old customers and friends to his new and and select stock of

CLOTHS, CLOTHING & [illegible]

recently purchased in New York, and now offered as cheap, at least, as at any other establishment in town.

He does not deem it necessary to tell those who have for so long a series of years patronized him that he continues to manufacture as

FASHIONABLE AND NEAT FITTING

Garments as can be found in this market; but to new customers he has no hesitation in saying that if they will

CALL AND SEE FOR THEMSELVES.

They will not go away dissatisfied with either

Goods, Workmanship or Prices.

Custom work always done at reasonable prices, and warranted. Also cutting warranted, if properly made up. Call and see if "old things have not become new" at the old stand of the subscriber. JAMES LYTLE.
Erie, October 26, 1850. n24

SHEEP PELTS WANTED.—10,000 Sheep Pelts wanted, for which the highest price will be paid at the corner store of
October 26. LAIRD & RUST.

HEMLOCK BOARDS.—A few thousand feet wanted for immediate use. LAIRD & RUST.
October 26, 1850. n24

BAY STATE & Brocha, and other Plaid Shawls for sale by
October 26. S. JACKSON.

CARTER & BROTHER

ARE now receiving a large lot of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumes, Fancy Articles, Pure Liquors and Wines, Window Glass of all sizes, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, &c., which they offer to the public at greatly reduced prices.
Erie, Nov. 2d, 1850. n25

ONE Thousand Gallons Western Linseed Oil—To arrive in a few days. Dealers and consumers supplied by the barrel at a small advance for cash. CARTER & BROTHER.

350 GALLONS No 1 Lard oil—Just received by
Erie, Nov. 2, 1850. CARTER & BRO.

5000 LBS. PURE WHITE LEAD—Just received by CARTER & BRO.

100 GALLONS CAMPHENE—warranted to give a good light.—Nov. 2 CARTER & BRO.

360 LBS. in cases, of Vermillion, chrome green and chrome yellow, just received by CARTER & BRO.

Be it known Unto all Men AND THE REST OF MANKIND.

THAT I am now receiving and shall continue to receive up to the close of navigation New Goods for the Fall and Winter trade, which were selected with great care and bought for cash at low rates, which will enable me to offer inducements to those wishing to purchase goods with cash or ready pay, as I can and will sell cheaper than any other establishment in this city.

It is impossible to give a catalogue of my extensive stock as it embraces every variety of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods Groceries, Crokery, Hardware, Nails, &c. In conclusion, I would say to those wishing to purchase call and examine my stock, as we feel assured that you will not go away dissatisfied with quality or prices. SMITH JACKSON.
Erie, Oct 26, 1850. n21

LADIES French, Kid, and Morocco Slips and Ties for sale by S. JACKSON.

BOY'S and Youth's Boots and Shoes for sale cheap, by JACKSON.

INDIA Rubber over Shoes for Ladies, Misses, and Gentlemen—a nice article for sale by JACKSON.

LADIES Dress Goods—a large stock of Cashmeres and De laines, &c. for sale cheap by JACKSON.

THIBET Cloth, Bombazines, and a large variety of plain and figured Alpacas for sale and they are cheap by JACKSON.

A FEW Muffs for Ladies and Misses, for sale by S. JACKSON.

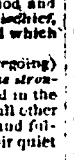
CLOTHS—Black, Blue, Brown, Cadet, Mixed, &c. from $1,50 to $5 per yard, for sale by S. JACKSON.

NAILS—a large supply of Eastern nails, for sale by S. JACKSON.

HARNWARE—Door Handles, Locks, Butts & Screws Brads Table Knives and Forks, Penn Knives, Jack knives, &c. by JACKSON

LIQUORS—A general stock of Brandys, Gins, Wines &c of the best quality, by JACKSON.

STRANGER, READ THIS!!



THE Subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and would inform them that he has just received his

FALL AND WINTER STOCK!

Among which may be found CLOTHS of all grades and prices, which he will make up to order; and pledge himself that they shall not be surpassed in cheapness, cut or make, by any establishment, he cares not by whom conducted, whether by old broken down nags, or the best that can be produced. We must confess that we have not the least discoveries as some of our cabbage head sourkrout neighbors, but one thing we do know, that we can produce the

Best Cut and Best Made Stock

of Clothing that can be found in the State; for proof of which we would invite those who are judges to call and examine for themselves, and to those that are not we say bring some one to judge for you, as we do not shrink from any thing that is fair between man and man. Our stock consists of CLOTHING of all grades, fine and coarse, which has been cut up in Erie for Cash, and with great care. We would invite those in want of any thing in our line to give us a call, and if they are not pleased with our goods and prices we will not charge them any thing for showing them. Our Stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, we have selected with great care expressly for the custom trade, and we would invite those who prefer having their Clothing made to order to call and examine

GOODS, CUT AND MAKE,

for themselves. Persons leaving their measure for any garment if not pleased with it when done, will not be asked to take it away. We still continue to keep on hand shirts of all kinds, and from the best manufacturers. Also Shirt Collars of the best make, very cheap; Suspenders of all grades; Cravats, the best in town, of various grades and prices; and in fact we keep almost every thing in our line, which we would be happy to sell to our friends as cheap as the cheapest. JOHN M. JUSTICE.
Erie, September 14, 1850.

N. B.—Cutting done in the most fashionable style and done when promised.

CLOTHING FOR THE MILLION.

1850. 1850.

The Cheap System Triumphant!!

AT NO. 1, FLEMING BLOCK!!!

WHILE the public are excited with the controversy going on between the Jews and Gentiles in regard to "cut," "finish" and "fineness" of the various wares offered by other dealers in this city, they should not forget to look in at

NO. 1, FLEMING BLOCK,

where, if there is not quite so much gas expended in puffing, there can always be found

Clothing as Cheap, Cloth as Fine, Fits as Good, and Work as Superior,

as at any establishment between Sunrise and Sunset. The public should recollect that we

MANUFACTURE OUR OWN CLOTHING,

and that, having in our employ one of the very best Cutters, and employ none but the very best workmen, we can furnish our customers with articles which will bear inspection in any market in the world. Our stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

is now open for examination and sale, where may be found Clothing of every grade, style, and texture, suitable for

Fall and Winter Wear.

Let all who wish to save a dollar keep in mind the time-worn adage of "economy is wealth," and call and examine the immense assortment of Clothing and Dry Goods at

NO. 1, FLEMING BLOCK,

before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock does not consist of clothing alone. We have a very general assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

suitable for family use, and which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention, but which will be cheerfully shown, and bargains warranted. Call and see, examine and compare. I. ROSENZWEIG & CO.
Erie, Sept. 28, 1850. 20

CABLE, Landing, Cow, Trace and Halter Chains.
October 26 GEO. SELDEN & SON.

1 TIERCE STEWARTS Sugar House Syrup—For Buckwheat cakes, a much finer flavored article than the so called Sugar House Molasses. Only 75 cents a gallon. Try it.
November 2d, 1850. CARTER & BROTHER

LOOKING GLASSES & LAMPS—A splendid assortment just opened by G. LOOMIS & Co., State st.,
July 6. Nearly opposite Empire stores.

BLK SILKS.—Yard wide high lustured Blk Silks, also Blk Silk Edging of every width at the very lowest prices, at
Oct. 12 C. M. TIBBALS.

William N. Lewis, & Co,

ARE now receiving from New York a new and splendid assortment of fashionable Jewelry of superior quality and style, which will be sold very cheap for cash.

Also a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches, at much less than the usual prices. Clocks of every description, at wholesale and retail. A superior article of Brass A. G. for $2,50, warranted No. 1.

A large and beautiful stock of Silver Ware of

OUR OWN MANUFACTURE,

Warranted pure as coin. Also, Lamps and Looking Glasses, of the newest style, and at remarkably low prices.

Together with a general assortment of fancy goods, Musical Instruments, &c., &c. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine.

Lewis' Gothic Hall, one door east of Brown's Hotel.
Erie, Pa. November 16, 1850. n27

Doctor O'Conor, from Dublin.

GENERAL Medical Practitioner, Physician, Accoucher and Dentist. Office and residence at the Reed House, Erie.
Erie, Nov. 16, 1850. 27

BRANDY, Pale and Dark, Port, Madeira and Malaga Wine; Rum, Gin, and Whiskey, as pure and good as any in the city and a great deal cheaper, at RINDERNECHT'S.

FOUR doz. White's Superior warranted Axes. Also 24 doz. best Ax Helves in town, for sale by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

DYESTUFFS.—Madder, Logwood, Niewood, Fustic, Camwood, Alum, Coperas, Indigo., Blue Vitriol, and Cream Tarter, for sale cheap by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

JOHN ANDERSON & Co's.—Lilienthal & Co's Smoking and Chewing Tobacco for sale wholesale or retail by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

JENNY LIND LUSTRES, Brilliantines, Merinoes, Alpacas, and the finest variety of fast colored Prints, for sale cheap, by LESTER SENNETT & CHESTER.

LINSEED OIL.—Made in Erie county, and known to be good constantly on hand by the barrel or gallon, boiled or raw by
Nov. 2. J. H. BURTON.

WANTED—A One Horse Crackey Waggon with springs, new, or nearly so. S. B. POWERS,
Erie, Nov. 23, 1850. New York Store.

Honey!

14 BOXES New Honey in the Comb just received on consignment and for sale cheap by the Box, by
Nov. 21, 1850. WM. F. RINDERNECHT.

WALL PAPER—A splendid assortment, new Styles, at
Nov. 23, 1850. LAIRD & RUST'S.

TEN GROSS.

McLANE'S VERMIFUGE just received and for sale by the gross or dozen at manufacturers prices, by
Erie, Nov. 23, 1850. J. H. BURTON.

ALMANACS FOR 1851.

ONE for every family in town and county gratis. Those that are not supplied may call and get one, if they please, at No. 5, Reed House. J. H. BURTON.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER:

PEPSIN,

An Artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice!

A GREAT DYSPEPSIA CURER.

Prepared from the RENNET, or the fourth Stomach of the ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

This is a truly wonderful remedy for *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility,* curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice.

☞ Half a teaspoonful of this fluid, infused in water, will digest or dissolve *Five Pounds of Roast Beef in about two hours,* out of the stomach.

DIGESTION.

DIGESTION is chiefly performed in the stomach by the aid of a fluid which freely exudes from the inner coat of that organ, when in a state of health, called the Gastric Juice. This fluid is the *Great Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving, and Stimulating* Agent of the stomach and intestines. Without it there will be no digestion—no conversion of food into blood, and no nutrition of the body; but rather a foul, torpid, painful, and destructive condition of the whole digestive apparatus. A weak, half dead, or injured stomach produces no good Gastric Juice, and hence the disease, distress and debility which ensue.

PEPSIN AND RENNET.

Pepsin is the chief element, or *great digesting principle* of the Gastric Juice. It is found in great abundance in the solid parts of the human stomach after death, and sometimes causes the stomach to digest itself, or eat itself up. It is also found in the stomach of animals, as the ox, calf, &c. It is the material used by farmers in making Cheese, called Rennet, the effect of which has long been the special wonder of the dairy. The curdling of milk is the first process of digestion. Rennet possesses astonishing power. The stomach of a calf will curdle nearly one thousand times its own weight of milk. Baron Liebig states that, "One part of Pepsin dissolved in sixty thousand parts of water, will digest meat and other food." Diseased stomachs produce no good Gastric Juice, Rennet or Pepsin. To show that this want may be perfectly supplied, we quote the following

SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE.

Baron Liebig, in his celebrated work on *Animal Chemistry,* says: "An Artificial Digestive Fluid may be readily prepared from the mucous membrane of the stomach of the Calf, in which various articles of food, as meat and eggs, will be *softened, changed, and digested, just in the same manner as they would be in the human stomach.*"

Dr. Pereira, in his famous treatise on "Food and Diet," published by Wilson & Co., New York, page 35, states the same great fact, and describes the method of preparation. There are few higher authorities than Dr. Pereira.

Dr. Combe, in his valuable writings on the "Physiology of Digestion," observes "that a diminution of the due quantity of the Gastric Juice is a prominent and all prevailing cause of Dyspepsia;" and he states that "a distinguished professor of medicine in London, who was severely afflicted with this complaint, finding every thing else to fail, had recourse to the Gastric Juice, obtained from the stomach of living animals which proved completely successful."

Dr. Graham, author of the famous works on "Vegetable Diet," says: "It is a remarkable fact in physiology, that the stomachs of animals, macerated in water, impart to the fluid a property of dissolving various articles of food, and of effecting a kind of artificial digestion of them in no wise different from the natural digestive process."

Dr. Simon's great work, the "Chemistry of Man," (Lea & Blanchard, Phila. 1846, pp. 321-2) says: "the discovery of PEPSIN forms a new era in the chemical history of Digestion. From recent experiments we know that food is dissolved as rapidly in an artificial digestive fluid, prepared from Pepsin, as it is in the natural Gastric Juice itself."

Professor Dunglison, of Philadelphia, in his great work on human Physiology, devotes more than fifty pages to the examination of this subject. His experiments with Dr. Beaumont on the Gastric Juice, obtained from the living human stomach and from animals are well known. "In all cases," he says, "digestion occurred as perfectly in the *artificial* as in the *natural* digestions."

As a Dyspepsia Curer,

Dr. HOUGHTON'S preparation of Pepsin has produced the most *marvelous effects,* curing cases of *Debility, Emaciation, Nervous Decline, and Dyspeptic Consumption,* supposed to be on the very verge of the grave. It is impossible to give the details of cases in the limits of this advertisement—but authenticated certificates have been given of more than

200 *REMARKABLE CURES!*

In Philadelphia, New York and Boston alone. These were nearly all desperate cases, and the cures were not only rapid and wonderful, but permanent.

It is a great Nervous Antidote, and particularly useful for tendency to bilious disorder, liver complaint, fever and ague, or badly treated fever and ague, and the evil effects of Quinine, Mercury, and other drugs upon the digestive organs, after a long sickness. Also, for excess in eating, and the too free use of ardent spirits. It almost reconciles Health with Intemperance.

OLD STOMACH COMPLAINTS.

There is no form of old Stomach Complaints which it does not seem to reach and remove at once. No matter how bad they may be, it gives instant relief! *A single dose removes all the unpleasant symptoms,* and it only needs to be repeated for a short time to make these good effects permanent. Purity of Blood and Vigor of Body follow at once. It is particularly *excellent* in cases of Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, Soreness of the pit of the Stomach, distress after eating, low, cold state of the Blood, heaviness, lowness of spirits, despondency, emaciation, weakness, tendency to insanity, suicide, &c. Price, ONE DOLLAR per bottle. One bottle will often effect a lasting cure.

PEPSIN IN POWDERS,

SENT BY MAIL, FREE OF POSTAGE.

For convenience of sending to all parts of the country, the Digestive Matter of the Pepsin is put up in the form of Powders, *with directions to be dissolved in diluted alcohol, water, or syrup* by the patient. These powders contain just the same matter as the bottles, but *twice the quantity for the same price,* and will be sent by mail *free of Postage,* for one dollar sent (post paid) to Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON, No. 11 North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

Six packages for five dollars. Every package and bottle bears the written signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Sole Proprietor.

☞ Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Very liberal discounts given to the trade. Druggists, Postmasters, and Booksellers are desired to act as agents.

Carter & Brother, No. 6, Reed House, and Dr. P. Hall, No. 1 Hughes' Block, are agents for Erie.
August 17, 1850. 1y16

Something New

AT NO. 7, REED HOUSE!

AFTER profound cogitations, extensive and minute observations, I have made up my mind that, it's not the fault of at least some of the people of this town and county, that their garments are of such indifferent materials and workmanship, for never before was a town cursed with such vile stocks of wares called and sold for clothing. Take a coat of the ordinary kind sold in some of the shops of this town; examine it and what judgment do you pronounce—confounded cheat! you exclaim without hesitation—here's a button hole that looks as though it had been made by thrusting a finger through the cloth—there a seam so open that you might drop a jack knife through it—here, but enough—you have seen, handled and worn these goods till you are tired of them, and it is useless for me to enlarge on their frailties. Here follows more cheering intelligence, at No. 7, Reed House: I have this day opened a magnificent stock of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Cloths,

Cassimeres and Vestings of German, French, English and American production; Newest Fall styles, purchased by myself at the fashionable establishments in Boston, New York and Philadelphia; also, Military and Plain Trimmings in great variety and of the best quality, Cravats, silk and linen Gloves and Handkerchiefs, fine shirts, collars, Suspenders, Buff Cassimere Vesting; also, Oil Cloths, and a great variety of "notions." The clothing that I keep and make to order shall be unexceptionable in quality and cut, as may be ascertained by inspecting my goods, at No. 7, Reed House, where I have just removed, and with a view of conducting business upon my own responsibility.
JACOB KOCH.
Erie, Sept. 7, 1850. n17

DUSTERS.—A superior article of plain and colored Feather Dusters for Piano and all kinds of furniture, offered cheap by P. HALL.
August 31, 1850. n16

BADGER'S Hair Blenders, Camel Hair Blenders and Pencils, Fan Graining Brushes, Top Graining Brushes, Steel and Horn Graining Combs of all sorts and sizes, which are offered as low as can be bought in Erie or Buffalo, for sale by P. HALL.
August 31.

JAPANED Tins of assorted sizes and colors to suit the times, for sale by P. HALL.
August 31, 1850.

SUPPORTERS and Shoulder Braces.—A large quantity adapted to all sizes, and prove their utility by their good effects.—For sale by P. HALL.
August 31.

HAIR Oils, Hair Restoratives, Hair Dye, Depilatory Powder, Colognes, Shaving Soap and Creams, Toilet Soaps and perfumeries of nearly every form. For sale by P. HALL.
August 31. n16

WINES & LIQUORS.—Old Port Wine, pure juice, Malaga, Madeira, different qualities, Brandies, dark and pale, Holland Gin, Santa Cruz Rum, Whiskey, Alcohol, &c. for sale at reasonable prices by P. HALL.
August 31.

TRUSSES.—A large assortment of the most approved patterns which will be fitted if required, for sale, by P. HALL.
August 31. n16

It Kills Pain and Saves Life.

LANDREW'S Pain Killing Agent, is the only article to be relied upon to kill Pain and cure disease. It is an internal and external remedy. CARTER & BROTHER, Agents for Erie county, No. 6, Reed House, Erie Pa.
Oct 3, 1850. 1y21

Depot of Carpenters' & Joiners' Tools.

THE subscribers have just received the largest and best assortment of Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools ever offered in this market, consisting of Bench, Moulding and Match Planes, Pannel Ploughs, Hand, Pannel, back, Compass and tenant saws, Firmers, Framing and ducks bill Chisels, Broad, and Hand Axes Adzes, Hammers and Hatchets, Gauges, Bevels Levels, Compasses, Braces and Bitts, Augur Bitts, Augurs, Try Squares, Steel and Iron Squares, Draw Shaves, Plane Irons, &c., &c. GEO. SELDEN & SON.
Erie, Oct. 26, 1850 n26

New Firm! New Goods!! New Prices!!!

A change of genus resolved upon by

"THE HIGH CONTRACTING PARTIES."

THE great excitement of the day is no longer about a continuous line of railroad through the county, but the all absorbing subject of interest to this community is the commotion at the corner store opposite Brown's Hotel, where people do say there is a greater rush, more goods are sold of better quality and at lower prices than at any other establishment in the city.

LAIRD & RUST, who succeed C. B. Wright in business at the old stand on the corner of State street and the Public Square, opposite the Court House, are now receiving a large, splendid and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, Hardware, Groceries, Liquors, Flour, Fish and Salt, which they offer to the public at unprecedented low prices. Having resolved to do business upon the ready pay system, which is the only true system, better for the buyer and better for the seller, they are prepared to sell goods as cheap as the cheapest and no mistake. One of the firm has just arrived from the city, having purchased a very large stock which they undertake to say will compare favorably in quality, prices and judiciousness of selection with any in the city. They will vouch for the truth of this statement and will prove it to the satisfaction of a candid public, if they will only take the trouble to call and examine for themselves. Their stock embraces Dry Goods of every description, such as Shawls, a new and splendid assortment, Bay State and Long Shawls, latest styles, Gro de Rine Silks, Satin de Chien, Poplins, new styles, De Lanes, plain and figured, French Twilled Broad Cloths, Cassimers, plain and fancy. Also Groceries of every kind, Hardware, Liquors, Flour, Fish, Salt &c.—Remember the old stand near the Court House, and don't forget to give us a call and we will warrant you will not go away without purchasing to your entire satisfaction. WILSON LAIRD. LUCIAN RUST.
Erie, Oct. 12, 1850.

Cigars! 100,000 Cigars!!

LA Union, Firez Stein, La Norma, Jironimo and Principe Cigars, direct from the importer and warranted genuine, for sale by the box. [Oct. 12, 1850.] LAIRD & RUST.

CISTREN and Well Pumps, together with led pipe, for sale cheap by LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

LETTER PAPER—Ten Reams of a very superior quality, for sale cheap by the ream or quire by J. H. BURTON.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted the subscriber, on the estate of Elias Newton, late of North East township, Erie county, deceased. All persons, therefore, indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment without delay, and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement. CHAUNCEY CAMPBELL, WM. GRIFFITH, Administrators.
North East, Nov. 30, 1850. 6t29

BAY STATE, Merino, Broche and Turkera Shawls in great abundance, and cheap as the cheapest.
Erie, Nov. 23. LESTER SENNETT & CHESTER.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!



DR. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT.

THE following from Dr. HUBBELL, a noted Physician; who has sold over 800 Bottles within the last ten months. Hear him.

S. BURELL—Sir: I write to give you some account of the admirable effects produced by the use of Doct. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my own practice as a physician. The following cases have all been under my own observation, and by my own prescription.

CASE 1st.—A Mrs. More, who was given up to die by *three* celebrated physicians, as being in the *last stage of Consumption*, by the use of the Magnetic Ointment has regained her health, and is now as well as ever, and has been for the last six months.

CASE 2d.—Some time in July last, I was called to see Mrs. Allen living some 22 miles distant. Her case had been given up by several physicians. She was first attacked by *malignant dysentery*, followed by severe inflammation of the bowels. I arrived about 6 o'clock in the evening, and found her in a very dangerous situation, apparently on the brink of the grave. I commenced applying the ointment freely to the stomach and bowels, attended with some simple remedies administered internally, and by morning I found her so much better that I left for home, with directions to continue the use of the Ointment. She fully recovered in a few days, and is now enjoying good health.

CASE 3d.—A Mr. Winters had lost nearly all his hair, had been *bald* for many years; by the use of *three bottles of the Magnetic Ointment, had his hair entirely restored*, and now has as beautiful a head of hair as any man could wish. His age is about 50 years.

CASE 4th.—A son of Mr. Warren of this town, 11 years of age, had been afflicted with the ASTHMA from his cradle. He had the benefit of the best medical advice that a loving and wealthy father could procure without avail. *It was one of the most aggravated cases* I ever saw; he was emaciated almost to a skeleton. By the use of a few bottles of the Ointment he was *thoroughly cured*, and for 7 months past has enjoyed robust health.

CASE 5th.—This was an extreme case of *inflammation of the spine*, of long standing; had a variety of treatment from no less than *eight* different physicians, without receiving benefit—was cured by the use of only four bottles of the Magnetic Ointment.—This was four months ago, and the lady (a Mrs. Dunham) is still in good health and able to attend to her usual household duties.—I have treated two cases of *Chronic Sore Eyes* with the Ointment both of the patients so *nearly blind*, as to need an attendant to lead them from place to place. One of them had been afflicted 19 years, the other about 9 years. They had tried the best physicians in the state, without benefit; and one of them had been under the treatment of the celebrated Doct. Muzzy, of Cincinnati, for eighteen months, and had expended hundreds of dollars in vain efforts to effect a cure. They are now, by use of the Magnetic Ointment, nearly or quite cured, and are able to read and attend to ordinary business. I have used the Ointment in a number of cases of the PILES, and *in no case has it failed to give immediate relief, and generally a permanent cure*. I have also used it beneficially in several cases of ERYSIPELAS. And last but not least, I have within the last year cured four cases of CANCER by the use of the *Magnetic Ointment* alone!!

From a thorough trial of the Ointment in nearly every disease for which it is recommended, I can confidently recommend it to be one of the most useful remedies ever offered to the public.

Respectfully yours,
BURTON HUBBELL, M. D.

Dated Amelia, Ohio, Jan. 27, 1850.

Sold in Erie, Pa., by Carter & Brother, wholesale and retail—L. S. Jones, Girard, B. C. Town, North East, and by one agent in every town in the state.

E. K. CRANDALL, Traveling agent.

August 17, 1850. 1y

THE MERCHANTS' AND FARMERS'

STATE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., Of Harrisburg, Pa.

INVITE the attention of the public to the principles upon which the business of the Company is conducted. The main object of the Company is to afford Merchants and Farmers an opportunity of procuring safe insurance upon their property at a moderate cost, and strictly upon the Mutual principle. In order to preserve this principle, the Directors have adopted the popular, safe, and equitable plan of classifying their risks, and have divided them into two classes. The first class is exclusively a Farmers' company, in which no property more hazardous than dwelling houses, out houses, and personal property therein will be insured. The second class is the Merchants' Company, in which may be insured the safe kinds of property.

The Company deem it indispensable to decline all risks which are commonly denominated Extra Hazardous, believing that if such risks are permitted to be mingled with those of the merchant and farmer, the premiums are likely to be disproportionate to the risks,—exacting from those who are insured upon the least *hazardous property*, more than a just and equal contribution to the expense of insurance. The Policy of each member will designate the class of risk with which he is associated, and the Cash Premiums and Deposite Note of each Class, and the assessments for which members may become liable, shall be held and assessed to pay the losses *occurring in the respective Classes*, to which they belong, and no other, and the general expenses of the Company shall be apportioned to each Class according to the amount insured in each.

Insurance may be made for from one to three years, in the Merchants' class, and one to five years, in the Farmers' class.

The very extraordinary success of the Company in accumulating a large fund in cash premiums, has placed the financial stability of the Institution beyond any probable danger. The dividends which have been paid on expiring Policies in like companies, prove that the actual expense of insurance is very trifling, in a Mutual Office which is limited to the safer classes of risks.

DIRECTORS.

John P. Rutherford, Philo C. Sedgwick, Samuel T. Jones, Alonzo A. Carrier, A. J. Gillet, Harrisburg. Robert Klotz, Carbon Co., John B. Packer, Northumberland.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, Pres't.

ALBERT J. GILLETT, Sec'y.

For further particulars please inquire of

WM. N. LEWIS & CO., Erie, } Agents,
E. W. GERRISH, Edenboro. }

August 17, 1850. 6m

Grave Stones!—Monumental



AT 111 FRENCH STREET,

MAY be found a choice assortment of Fine American Marble, of various sizes, suitable for Head Stones, Tomb Tables, &c., which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers. *Please* call and examine quality, and prices before purchasing of traveling agents, by so doing you will save one-third of your money.

E. PELTON.

Erie, March 9, 1850. 1y43

LOOK HERE! FARMERS & WOOL-GROWERS, AT THE Eagle Woolen Factory, Fairview.

WE are just finishing our SPLENDID NEW FACTORY, and fitting it up in the best and substantial manner; and having the best machinery, the best workmen, and are determined to take the best care of every thing, we intend to manufacture in a superior style Cassimeres and Cloths of every desirable quality and color; also, all kinds of striped and fancy Goods for Gents' and Boys Pants, also all kinds of Flannels and Blankets.

We will manufacture either by the yard, on shares or exchange cloth for wool, as our customers may prefer, at our usual rates.

In addition to our splendid new machinery, we have bought out Messrs. Caughey's entire stock of machinery, which is all new, of eastern make, and built on the most improved principle.

We are also providing machinery for the manufacture of BROADCLOTH, being determined to prove to citizens of this and the adjoining States that as good and beautiful cloth can be manufactured in Pennsylvania as in the Eastern States, or in Europe, from the same quality of wool.

Carding and Spinning done in the best manner. We respectfully invite the public to call and see.

THORNTON & CO.

Eagle Factory, Fairview, April 29, 1850. 51

Cheap Hardware Store.

I HAVE just received the balance of my stock, among which can be found Iron and Steel of all sizes Ground Boxes, Meleable Castings, Anvils, Vice, Smith's Bellows, Axle Arms, Steel Springs, (eastern, brass bands, coil, log, trace, halter and jack chains, spikes, both wrought and cut, nails from 2d. to 40d., barrel, floor, fence, finishing and wrought nails, horse shoes and nails, strap hinges, hooks and hinges, friction rollers, mullery, mill, cross cut and circular saws, shovels, spades, hoes, wrenches of various patterns, a good assortment of MECHANICS TOOLS. Broadaxes (Barton & Simon's) a lzes, planes and plane irons, brace and bitts, hammers, hatchets, sand paper, files, chisels, (Barton's) gouges, augurs, augur bitts, augur and chisel handles, bed screws, mah. knobs, hand, panel, compass, fellow, tenon and rip saws, spoke shaves, screw drivers, levels, spirit levels, box wood rules, steel squares, try squares, draw shaves, oil stones of a superior quality, &c.

RUFUS REED.

Erie Sept. 28. No. 3, Reed House.

LOTS FOR SALE.

ONE Lot within a mile of the Borough of Erie, situated on the Lake Road leading east, in Mill Creek township, being the east one-third of out-lot 517, having thereon a comfortable frame house, and barn, with an orchard of well selected fruit trees. Also Lot No. 3 of Block No. 347 in the Borough of Erie. This lot fronts on twelfth street, 132 feet east of Holland. It is on the highest ground in the Block, and a level place for a building. Both of which lots will be sold cheap.

For further particulars enquire of Hon. Thomas H. Sill, of the Borough of Erie, or by letter, (post paid) addressed to the subscriber, at Meadville.

JOHN H. MILLAR.

Erie, Aug. 24. n15

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. P. & R. FAULKNER, respectfully announce to the public that they have removed their residence and office to the corner of French and Eighth streets, (lately occupied by W. H. Johnson, Dentist,) where they will attend to all professional calls both in town and country.

Erie, April 6, 1850.

SILVER WORK.—Silver Spoons, Ladies, Tongs, Scoops, Butter Knives, &c., constantly on hand and *Manufactured by the subscribers, not in the Nutmeg State, but in Erie, and warranted* of the standard of Dollars. Comparison of style in this branch particularly invited. Also, threaded Spoons and Forks from a New York manufactory, all of good silver.

July 6. G. LOOMIS & CO.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware.

CONTINUALLY receiving the above articles in every variety and style; also musical instruments, Lamps, Lookingglasses &c., &c., on hand and for sale at *very low prices*, by

WM. N. LEWIS, & CO.

Erie, July 13, 1850. Gothic Hall.

Gold Pens.

THOSE in want of a good Gold Pen at a reduced price, are invited to call and *examine our stock, consisting of 30doz.* assorted sizes, they are made by Bo... & Clark, New York, and warranted a No. 1 Pen. In all cases when the points fail by fair usage a new one will be furnished without charge. Give them a trial. Sold only by

WM. N. LEWIS & CO.

Erie, July 13, 1850.

JUST received direct from the Nutmeg State, a large supply of Silver work not made in Erie, but in Hartford, by a man who has manufactured Silver work upwards of twenty years; my silver ware is all stamped on the back "W. N. Lewis," and all such is warranted as pure as coin. Engraving on Spoons done in the neatest manner, free of charge.

WM. N. LEWIS & Co.

Glass Jars.

LARGE assortment of Jars, all sizes; Glass Preserve Jars, Fancy Preserve and Steeple Top Jars for sale by D. S. CLARK.

20 BARRELS genuine Ohio Fire Proof Paint, for sale by the barrel or pound very low by CARTER & BROTHER.



IN QUART BOTTLES.

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, VIZ:

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago; and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Acitites or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life; also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders, &c.

THIS Medicine has acquired a very extended and established reputation wherever it has been used, based entirely on its own merits, which its superior efficacy has alone sustained. The unfortunate victim of hereditary disease, with swollen glands, contracted sinews, and bones half carious has been restored to health and vigor. The scrofulous patient, covered with ulcers, loathsome to himself and his attendants, has been made whole. *Hundreds of persons, who had groaned hopelessly for years under* cutaneous and glandular disorders, chronic rheumatism, and many other complaints springing from a derangement from the secretive organs and the circulation, have been raised as it were from the rank of disease, and now, with regenerated constitutions, gladly testify to the efficacy of this inestimable preparation. The testimony of those who have been cured by its use, with their residences, has been published from time to time; and were it desirable, a mass of the most overwhelming testimony could be brought forward, proving most conclusively its inestimable value. The afflicted, and those who have not used this medicine are invited to make a trial of its virtues, and appropriate to themselves the benefits which it alone can bestow.

"TRUTH IS STRONGER THAN FICTION."

The attention of the reader is called to the following astonishing cure, affected by Sands' Sarsaparilla.

This is to certify that I have a colored woman who has been afflicted for the last five years with Scrofula, and all the remedies I used had no effect in arresting the progress of the complaint, on *the contrary*, she constantly grew worse, and after expending between $70 and $80 with physicians, besides using other remedies without success, till the disease had eaten away the cartilage of her nose, made its appearance on various parts of her body, and has finally commenced its ravages in the roof of her mouth.

In this dreadful situation, with the prospect of death staring her in the face, I stated her case to Dr. Disosway, agent for Sands' Sarsaparilla, in Newbern, N. C., by whom I was advised to use that article; and to my surprise and that of my neighbors, to whom her case was known, after using four and a half bottles she was restored to perfect health, and that in the space of three weeks, and was able to work in two weeks from the time she commenced taking it.

In witness of the truth of this statement, I have hereunto affixed my name, this 19th day of September, 1847.

JOSEPH McCOTTER, J. P.

Mouth of Neuse River, Craven Co., N. C.

ULCER CURED OF SEVEN YEAR'S STANDING.

This cure was effected in July, 1844; there have been no symptoms of a return, and her health still continues good, July 1848.

New York, July 25, 1844.

Messrs. Sands—Gentlemen—I consider it but an act of justice to you to state the following facts in reference to the great benefit I have received in the cure of an obstinate Cancerous Ulcer on my breast.

I was attended for eighteen months by a regular and skilful physician, assisted by the advice and counsel of one of the most able and experienced surgeons, without the least benefit whatever. All the various methods of treating cancer was resorted to; for five weeks in succession my breast was burned with caustic three times a day, and for six it was daily syringing with a weak solution of nitric acid, and the cavity or inter ulcer was so large that it held over an ounce of the solution. The doctor probed the ulcer and examined the bone, and said the disease was advancing rapidly to the lungs, and if it did not get speedy relief by medicine or by an operation, the result would be fatal. I was advised to have the breast laid open, and the bones examined; but finding no relief from what had been done, and feeling I was rapidly getting worse, I almost despaired of recovery, and considered my case nearly hopeless.

Seeing various testimonials and certificates of cure by the use of Sands' Sarsaparilla, in cases similar to my own, I concluded to try a few bottles, several of which were used, but, from the long-seated character of my disease, produced no very decided change, considering this as the only probable cure for my case, I persevered until the disease was entirely cured. It is now over eleven months since the cure was completed; there is not the slightest appearance of a return. *I therefore pronounce myself* WELL, and the cure *entirely effected by* Sands' Sarsaparilla, *as I took no other medicine of any kind during the time I was using it, nor have I taken any since.*

Please excuse this long deferred acknowledgment, which I think it my duty to make. Your valuable Sarsaparilla cured me, with the blessing of Divine Providence, when nothing else could, and I feel myself under lasting obligations to you. I can say many things I cannot write, and I do most respectfully invite ladies afflicted as I have been, to call upon me, and I will satisfy them fully of the truth as stated above, and many other things in reference to the case.

NANCY J. MILLER, 216 Sullivan st.

SANDS' CELEBRATED SARSAPARILLA.—This excellent compound which is creating such a universal interest throughout the country, has made its way successfully into the favor of our citizens and the people around us. We have read again and again of the efficacy of this invaluable medicine—of we can call a very pleasant beverage medicine—but not until recently have we had any positive proof which could induce us to speak fairly of it. But, from facts in our possession, we are now well convinced that, without any exception, it is the safest, pleasantest, and best compound ever *offered to the public, for the cure of* all chronic disease, rheumatism and scrofula, and all impurities of the blood, together with many complaints.

It has so long been remarked that the age is one of "nostrums and nostrum-venders," that we hardly dare recommend a valuable discovery in the Medical science, lest we jeopardize our reputation for incredulity and consistency; but in this instance we hesitate not to hazard the remark which we have made above.—*Hartford Review.*

SORE THROAT.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan, who had been afflicted several years with Scrofulous Ulcers, Dyspepsia, &c., and recently an affection of the throat and chest.—

BAILEYSBURG, VA., Dec. 13, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS: Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost past expression; my throat was completely ulcerated, I had a dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks together that I could not speak above a whisper; and besides, the inflammation from my throat extended to my head, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the Sarsaparilla a short time, my health improved, and my throat is now well; I am as free from cough and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend,

LOUISA B. BEVAN.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA—SCARLET FEVER DISARMED OF ITS TERRORS'—This dangerous and alarming affection, which has swept from the stage of time so many both at the innocent age of infancy, and the more vigorous and mature age of manhood, has at length met its bane and antidote, and its evil effects upon the system are laid waste by the powerful influence of this preparation. A little grand child of Mr. Wm. Patrick, wood-corder, was attacked with scarlet fever, which left her in a dreadful state; her body was covered with particles of scarlet eruptions a large lump something like a bile, and at least two inches in diameter, made its appearance on the shoulder, which broke and discharged an almost incredible quantity of most offensive matter; and besides this, a large quantity was discharged from the ears, of a very offensive character. Almost despairing of ever stopping the discharge, they made trial of SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA, which effected a complete cure, the child having taken only one bottle. For the benefit of those suffering from the baneful effects of this horrible disease, Mr. Patrick will be pleased to inform any person as to the correctness of this statement, if they call at his residence in Exeter-st., near Eden-st.—*Baltimore Sun.*

The following testimonial to the value of the Sarsaparilla, is *from the* Rev. Luther Wright, aged 76 years, Congregational Minister, residing at Woburn.

WOBURN, Mass., March 30th, 1849.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—From what I have experienced, and from the information I have recently received from a number of persons of *high respectability* who have used your Sarsaparilla I have not the *least doubt* but that it is the most valuable medicine, and that the numerous certificates you have received of its efficacy are fully sustained by *experience* and although its reputation and utility are very extensive, and stand in no need of my humble efforts to increase them, I want *all who are afflicted by disease to* become acquainted with the *efficacy* and *power* of your valuable medicine.

I am, gentlemen, gratefully and very respectfully yours,

LUTHER WRIGHT.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists and Chemists, 100 Fulton-st., corner of William, New York. Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States and Canadas. Price $1 per bottle; six Bottles for $5.

For Sale by J. H. BURTON, No. 5, Reed House, Erie, Pa.

Erie, Dec. 29, 1849. 71yeow31

PITTSBURGH STORE.

NO. 2, FLEMING BLOCK.

New Goods and Great Bargains. Cash System Adopted!

JUST received and every day receiving, at the Pittsburgh Store, an extensive and full assortment of fresh cheap GROCERIES, bought at New York, Pittsburgh and Buffalo since the fall in prices, which, in addition to my former stock must and will be sold at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, as low as the lowest in Erie or any other place west of Buffalo, for any kind of produce which I can find a want for, and some things for *Cash*, if not crowded on me in too large quantities.

Country Merchants and Farmers are invited to call when they want Groceries, as I have adopted the Cash system and will give them the full worth of their money.

N. B. I have concluded to take Gold and Silver at par for a few weeks longer, notwithstanding the alarming news from California.

JOHN McCANN.

Erie, June 8 No. 2 Flemming Block

Wines & Liquors.

A GHOICE lot of Wines and Liquors, consisting of

Pale Brandy,	St. Croix Rum,	Holland Gin,
Otard do	N. E. do	Irish Whiskey,
Cogniac do	Jamaica do	Scotch do
Madeira Wine,	Port Wine,	Common do
Malaga do	do do [pure juice]	Medoc do.

Also, a large assortment of Fresh Groceries, for sale at No. 7, Poor People's Row, by

T. W. MOORE.

Erie, Nov. 17. 1849. 27

Engraving on Wood.

☞ THE subscriber is prepared to execute all orders in his line. Drawing and Engraving Landscapes, views of Hotels, Stores Factories, Machinery, Societies' Seals, Business Cards, Show Bills, &c., &c.

Orders attended to without delay, charges moderate.

Fredonia, July 27, 1850 M. S. PETTIT.

The Erie County Mutual Insurance Company

CONTINUE to insure Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, on favorable terms.

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Marshall,	J. A. Tracy,	Wm. Beatty,
J. H. Williams,	Thos. Stewart,	G. Sanford,
S. Jackson,	Thos. Willis,	C. M. Tibbals,
W. H. Townsend,	Geo. Selden,	H. Sherman.
	J. C. Spencer.	

G. SANFORD, President,

GEORGE SELDEN, Secretary.

J. C. Spencer, Treasurer

E. W. GERRISH, Agent and Surveyor.

Erie, June 22, 1850. 17

Camphene.

WARRANTED to burn well—also a few Camphene Lamps, Wicks and Globes for sale cheap by

J. H. BURTON.

CROCKERY & Glassware—a general stock of both for sale by

S. JACKSON.

DETERGENT AND DIURETIC. DR. MYER'S Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry and Dandelion Compound.

This valuable Medicinal preparation DIFFERS ENTIRELY from any simple "Extract of Sarsaparilla," or common purifying Medicine. It is a compound of many of the

MOST CLEANSING MEDICINES,

With others acting *directly on the Kidneys* or having immediate reference to the relief and continued healthy operation of some internal organs. It contains articles which enter into no other preparation in existence, and

IT IS UNRIVALD

In purifying and refreshing effects, by any Medicine in the world. It is put up

IN LARGE BOTTLES,

Is very pleasant to the taste, and is more concentrated,

STRONGER, BETTER AND CHEAPER

Than any other in Market. Persons who have taken "Sarsaparilla" *by the gallon*, without relief, have been *radically cured*, by using two or three bottles.

This is the only Compound in which Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry and Dandelion are so prepared, to offer the peculiar virtues of each, in combination with pure Extracts of other healing articles in a highly concentrated state. Its ingredients are

PURELY VEGETABLE,

And are such roots and barks as are found—though chiefly affecting certain parts—in their general tendency to produce *the most cleansing and healing effects.*

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE

To cure many diseases Dropsies, Kidney Complaints, &c., draw off Watery Humors from the Blood or corrupt and irritating secretions of diseased organs from the body, without the thorough OPERATION OF THE KIDNEYS, as caused by this Medicine. No OTHER extract even *pretends to this effect*. In fact this very operation for which it is *particularly compounded*, differs from all other preparations, and makes it *the best compound in existence.*

IN ALL CASES OF DROPSY.

Use this medicine. It *will relieve.* It *has cured when life itself was despaired of.* It contains articles that *will cure if anything can*, and takes the *only method* to make *permanent cures.* This Remedy

PURIFIES AND DRIVES OUT

All impure and gross humours, not only by working directly on the blood, but by restoring each organ to healthy vigor, and especially increasing the action of those which draw from the body, and lastingly remove all

IMPURE OR DISEASED FLUIDS.—

All diseases originating in a depraved state of the vital fluids, Eruptions, Ulcers, Sores, Collection of Watery Humors,

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

Will find this the *best* alterative, and most cleansing Medicine, *for before any other in invigorating effect.* It has worked some of the *greatest cures* of Diseases of the Urinary Organs,

DISORDERS OF THE KIDNEYS,

Bladders, &c. *A splendid diuretic. No extract is so good* for Weakness of the Kidneys. Weak back, Retention or Involuntary flow of Urine, Burning or Scalding, *Involuntary Emissions*, or other irritability, REMEMBER, *the only Medicine that heals these parts.* In Scrofulous habits of the System, Lax and weakened states,

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS,

Wasting diseases of the Lungs, Pains in the Breast, &c., the soothing *Pectorals and bracing Tonics*, heal the Lungs most kindly, and strengthen the body, while the acrid humours that load the system are cleansed. *The relieving action of the Kidneys is marked in Lungs disease.* It is warranted *superior to any preparation* —Sudden attacks from Exposure *are certainly cured.*

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

For Irregular, Suppressed or painful Menstruation, Fluor Albus, Uterine Diseases, or any derangement of the Female Frame. It never disappoints expectation *No common medicine will reach these derangements.* This compound contains certain Roots, *the best and only ones that should be used.* It cures the most aggravated forms.

GENERAL DEBILITY AND DECLINE,

It will refresh immediately. A few days' use will convince the incredulous. The appetite increased—*the nerves so quiet—spirits* raised and new, Pure and Rich Blood takes the place of vitiated and corrupt.

USE IT IN YOUR FAMILIES,

You will never be without it. It will do more good, and cure more speedily, the hundreds of petty diseases, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Impure Blood, &c., than anything you have ever tried.—*Look at Certificates. The* WEAKEST INFANT *or most delicate Female can take it with perfect safety.*

BEAR IT IN MIND.

That this is the *only medicine* that has ever cured the low, wearing SHIP FEVER, as attested by *the oaths of some thirty* of the cured, and you will acknowledge

THERE IS SOMETHING IN IT.

Where obstructions of the organs have caused deposits,

GRAVEL,

Or Stone in the Bladder, this medicine has been used with astonishing success. *For Certificates of Cures of this or any disease, see Pamphlet of cures.*

THE WORST FORMS

Of Diseases of the STOMACH and BOWELS, Costiveness, DYSPEPSIA, with Debility, &c. For Bowel Complaints, *it can be relied on as a certain remedy.* Also, when accumulation of bile has caused

BILIOUS DISEASES,

Jaundice, &c., or when they are coming on, *take this and you are safe. It carries off the corrupt bile* rapidly, by the natural channels, and *ceases immediately.* It has cured

LIVER COMPLAINTS

years standing, as certificates testify. *It always gives satisfaction.* Try it. Great Physicians prescribe *always* diuretics. This compound is excellent—Dandelion alone is almost specific.

LOOK FOR TESTIMONY

On the pages of our PAMPHLETS or columns of our papers. A list of an influential names has *never* been given in support of *any* Medicine. We have there *indisputable testimony of the certain cure of every disease we mention. The most thorough investigation is requested.* GET A PAMPHLET. Call on the certifiers or ask their opinion, and you too will use it. It will affect you different from any other, and we think it will do you more good.

Prepared by Dr. H. B. MYERS, Buffalo. All orders addressed to E. Holliday at his variety store, 229 Main st. Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by Carter & Brother, Erie, Pa. 1y12

W. H. KNOWLTON & SON, KEYSTONE BUILDING, NO. 1, FOUR DOORS BELOW BROWN'S HOTEL, ERIE, PA.

SECTION 1st., NORTH LATITUDE.—Front Window, sticks out about a feet, containing hanging Lamps, Solar do., Castors, Candlesticks, Cake Baskets, and a variety of other articles, which the beholder may see without trouble or expence.

SECTION 2d, COUNTER CASE, may be found a variety of Card cases, silver counts, diamond, torquois, ruby, garnet and plain Gold Rings, Buckles and Slides, miniature lockets, &c.

SECTION 3.—Gold and Silver, Patent Levers, Anchor and Lepien duplex and common escapement Watches, gold guard and fob chains steel do. Soup Ladles, (Bagley Gold pens.)

SECTION 4.—Silver, *German silver*, table and *tea Spoons*, butter knives, gold, silver, German silver and steel spectacles.

SECTION 5.—Pen and jack Knives, Razors and Strops, Shears and Scissors, finger Rings steel Beads and Clasps and tassels, silk Purses, tooth Brushes, shaving do. fine Ivory Combs, shell; horn, Buffalo horn, back and side Combs; steel Pens, Needles, pocket Ink stands, snuff and tobacco Boxes, Envelopes, note Paper, visiting Cards, tuning forks, sheet Music and Preceptors.

SECTION 6, SIDE CASE.—Filled with silver plated Fruit Baskets, Candle Sticks, Snuffers and Tray, Branch Candlesticks, plated and Brittania Castors, Flower vases, &c.

SECTION 7.—Gerondols, Brittania Tea Setts, extra Coffee and Tea Pots, hair Brushes, military Soap, Wallets and Pocket Books, spool Racks, Dolls, ivory handle Knives and Forks, common do. gammon Boards, Dominos, money Belts, Port Folios, na y and revenue Buttons, fancy Fans, &c.

SECTION 8.—Contains Bass Viols, Violins; Guitars, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flagelets, Fifes Accordions, Brass Horns, and right in the middle of the floor stands three of the best Piano Fortes in Erie.

SECTION 9, SOUTH SIDE.—Front Window, contents vary but little from the other, except a few Feather Dusters.

SECTION 10.—Solar Lamps, Extra glasses and shades, 30 hour and eight day O. G. and gothic Clocks, Tea Servers, Looking Glasses, and a great variety of Fancy Goods, all of which they offer for sale as low *as can be purchased at any other store west of* New York. And we wish it distinctly understood that we do not advertise to work very low in order to shave you on our goods, as another has declared was his object, but mean to be consistent and reasonable in all our prices.

November 24, 1849. 1y28

THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, (of Philadelphia,)

ARE now doing business on the Mutual plan, giving the insured a participation in the profits of the Company, without liability beyond the premium paid.

Risks upon the Lakes and Canal insured on the most favorable terms. *Losses will be liberally and promptly adjusted.*

Fire risks on merchandize, buildings and other property, in town or country, for a limited term permanently.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph H. Seal,	James C. Hand,	Edmond A. ouder;
Theophilus Paulding,	John C. Davis,	H. Jones Brooke,
Robert Burton,	John Garrett,	John B. Penrose,
Hugh Craig,	Samuel Edwards,	George Serrell,
Henry Lawrence	David B. Stacey	Edward Darlington
Charles Kelley,	Isaac R. Davis,	J. G. Johnson,
William Folwell,	William Hay,	John S. Newlin,
Dr. S. Thomas,	Dr. R. M. Huston,	John Seller, Jr.
	Spencer McIlvane,	

Richard S. Newbould, Sec'y; Wm. Martin Pres't

☞ Application can be made to

J. KELLOGG, Agent, Erie

Erie, Feb. 10, 1849.

A. SCOTT. **1850.** M. W. CAUGHEY.

SCOTT & CAUGHEY. STORAGE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Ware-House and Office, East end of Public dock, Erie. Dealers in Coal, Salt, Fish, Flour, Plaster and Water-Lime: and General Agents for purchasing, receiving, docking and shipping Lumber and Staves. March 16, 1850—1y44.

Doctor Mathew J. Johnson.

GRADUATE of the Philadelphia College of Medicine, having located permanently in Erie, will give prompt attention to professional calls in town and country.

OFFICE—Southwest corner of the Diamond, the brick building, formerly occupied by Dr. Faulkner.

RESIDENCE—On the Diamond, first building east of office.

Erie March 30. 49tf

ERIE WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE Proprietors have on hand about 12,000 yards, of Plain, Black, Brown, Olive, Steele mixed, and Gray Cloth, and Plain Striped, and Baird, Cassimeres and Tweeds, which they are prepared to exchange for Wool, on a little *better terms* than heretofore. Having added considerable new machinery, and employed experienced Eastern workmen, we are now prepared to do ample justice to all who may favor us with a call. We have made arrangements to manufacture Plaid Flannels, for woman and childrens wear. We continue to Full Dye and dress *Domestic* Cloth, and Manufacture *Wool*, at our usual Rates.

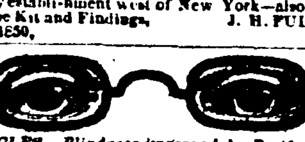
We will pay *Cash for Wool at the highest price the Market will* justify.

MEHAFFEY & BREWSTER.

Erie, May 1, 1850. 51

$5000 STOCK of Boots and Shoes, all of my own manufacture, embracing *as great a variety as can be* found at any establishment west of New York—also a full assortment of Shoe Kit and Findings,

May 11, 1850. J. H. FULLERTON.



SPECTACLES.—Blindness improved by Perifocal, Parabolic and other kinds of Glass, in Gold and Silver, German Silver Steel, and other frames. An extensive assortment to select from at

July 6. G. LOOMIS & Co's.

WATCHES.—A very large assortment of Gold and Silver, to be sold this summer at low prices—no mistake

G. LOOMIS & Co.,

July 6. Nearly opposite the Empire Store.

OIL CLOTHS AND CARPETS, from 18 cts to $1 per yard at

Oct 19 LAIRD & RUST.

500 GALLONS Western Linseed Oil, warranted to dry quick. For sale by the barrel or gallon at

Erie, Sept. 21, 1850. CARTER & BROTHER.

BROOKLYN White Lead.—This celebrated white lead, also Buffalo and Pittsburgh manufactured in oil, pure extra, and No. 1 for sale by J. H. BURTON.

Commercial Exchange. STILL TRIUMPHANT! $30,000 WORTH OF NEW GOODS.

ARRIVING and to arrive, $30,000 worth of New and Cheap Goods at the Commercial Exchange, where the subscriber has had his *Head Quarters* established for the last five years, and where, with the permission of the merchant Princes of Erie, he intends for some years to come, to offer to his former customers and all others, the greatest bargains ever extended to any people. His store is now so arranged as to accommodate all classes of purchasers; having fitted them up into two separate departments. The first of which is well supplied with a large and rich stock of FANCY GOODS adaped solely to the wants of the *ladies*. The other department is well supplied with every article pertaining to the wardrobe of *gentlemen*, together with every variety of Staple Goods. By the above arrangements, he will be enabled to wait upon those wanting goods with facility and dispatch. He would therefore say to persons who wish to purchase Dry Goods or Clothing, that his stock is one of the largest and cheapest in the city, having been purchased from first hands, thereby saving the New York Jobbers profits, which enables him to sell 25 per cent. cheaper than those who purchase goods in the ordinary mode.

Among his stock may be found black and blue black Satin Dress Patterns, black, blue black and watered Gro de Rhine, spotted Lawns, linen tissues, Jenny Lind embroidered silk and merino Cloaks, Broche and Long Shawls, silk warp Paramattas, figured and striped Alapacas, a few pieces of Canton crape, expressly for wedding dresses; Dress Silks of every description and quality in great variety, plain, figured and dotted Tarlton Book Muslin, Bishop Lawns, Swiss Mull, plain and figured Ladies French Collars and Capes, linen, cotton, thread and mull Edging and inserting, Belt Ribbons, Rob Roy embroidered Serges, striped and plain Cashmere de Laine, black silk lace; a large assortment of Jules Hanles Perfumery, together with every other article kept in a *Fancy Dry Goods Store*

In the Gentlemen's department may be found superfine black and blue black French Frock and Dress Coats, do Fancy Pants, silk, satin, Marseilles & Valencia Vests; Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Half Hose, Gloves, Drawers, Under Shirts, Handkerchiefs, &c.

A large assortment of India Rubber Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres; Tweeds, Cashmeretts, Satinetts. Also, 50 pieces Carpeting, Matting, Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, &c., &c.

The above enumeration embraces but a small part of my stock of goods—suffice it to say, I have one of the most complete assortments ever before offered in this market, and pledge myself to sell cheaper than any other establishment in this section of the country; the Herculean puffs and advertisements of others to the contrary. Come and look through my stock, and my word for it you will not go away dissatisfied. My system of business is on the Cash plan, and I am hereby enabled to undersell any firm west of Buffalo, for as well might the Ethiopean change his skin or the Leopard his spots, as any Merchant in Erie to attempt to compete with me in prices, who sells goods on the credit system —it can't be done. Therefore I say again to those who pay cash for goods, that if they will call on me at Commercial Exchange, I will astonish them by showing goods at lower prices than the same qualities have ever been offered in this market. The Greeks and Gentiles must stand aside, for the Jew has the inside track.

MOSES KOCH.

Erie, Sept. 7, 1850. n17

Free Exhibition at Lewis' Gothic Hall.



I would inform my friends and public generally that I have received for fall and winter trade the largest and best selected stock of Watches, and Jewelry ever offered for sale in Erie. The liberal patronage heretofore received, has induced me to enlarge my stock of goods. I will pledge myself to sell good goods and at a small advance from my wholesale prices. Fourteen years experience in buying & selling goods in eastern cities, enables me to say I have facilities for purchasing watches and jewelry at less price, than any other establishment in the city. I am receiving by Express every month, watches of different escapments, direct from manufacturers through the oldest and most extensive importing houses in New York. Therefore the mystery is solved how Lewis sells watches so cheap. I have on hand a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches of the latest styles and of superior quality, and prices which cannot fail to suit purchasers for Cash. I will sell Gold Patent Lever Watches for $30 to $100, Gold detached full jewelled for $25 to $60 Gold Lapean watches four holes jewelled, eighteen carat cases, for $14 to $25, Silver Lapene watches, for $9 to $12, fine quartern watches for $7. All the above mentioned watches will be warranted to keep good time for one year. Please call and see for yourself, one door east of Brown's Hotel Erie, Pa.

Having just obtained a Watch Maker from Europe, I am prepared to do all kinds of Watch Repairing in the best manner; having tools for making and repairing all kinds of watches, I pledge myself to do as good work as can be done in the city of New York. *Mr. Levingstch will give his whole attention to the* repairing and cleaning Chronometer, Duplex, Lever and common Watches. Those having good watches to be cleaned will do well to call and have them adjusted by a first rate workman. Clocks, Music Boxes, Acordions, and all kinds of Jewelry repaired in a workman-like manner, at *Lewis' Gothic Hall*

Erie, December 8, 1849. W. N. LEWIS, & Co.

CLEAR THE TRACK FOR THE Great Western Locomotive!!

TAKE NOTICE, ALL THOSE WHO ARE INTERESTED!

CALL at SIEGEL'S Corner and convince yourselves that he is now receiving the largest, cheapest and best lot of GROCERIES ever brought to Erie. Among his assortment may be found the following:

SUGARS.—Six tons of Port Rico Coffee Sugar, Crushed, Loaf and Pulverized.

COFFEE.—Ten bags Old Government Java, ten bags of Laguyra and ten bags of Rico.

MOLASSES.—Two thousand gallons New Orleans Porto Rico and Sugar House.

TEAS.—Fifteen chests Young Hyson, Imperial, Black and Gunpowder. Imperial tea in six pound caddies for family use.

FISH.—Five thousand pound Cod Fish, Mackerel, Shad, Holland Herring, Smoked Herring and Sardines.

Twenty barrels Turpentine, thirty do. of Linseed, Lamp and Tanners oil.

150 kegs Brooklyn, Buffalo and Pittsburgh White Lead.

The largest kind of an assortment of Paints and Dyestuffs.

100 kegs of Eastern and Pittsburgh Nails.

LIQUORS.—French Brandy, Holland Gin, Rum, Port Wine, Madeira, Malaga, Claret and French West Wine.

TOBACCO.—100 dozen Scholt's fine New York Smoking, sixteen boxes Cavendish, 100 dozen fine cut Rappee and Maccaboy Snuff.

Ten kegs and 100 flasks, Kentucky Rifle Powder, fifty bags of Shot, bar Lead and Percussion Caps.

Thirty boxes Candy, 35 drums of Malaga Figs, 20 jars prunes and a great variety of articles in my line that would take more time than I have to enumerate them.

To my old customers and the public generally, I would say, call at SIEGEL'S Corner, directly opposite the Farmer's Hotel and see for yourselves, that I am bound to sell wholesale or retail, cheaper than any other establishment West of Buffalo. C. SIEGEL.

Erie July 7, 1849. n

NO YANKEE HUMBUG! Fairbanks' Genuine Scale Manufactory!!

The subscribers having purchased Fairbanks celebrated genuine scale patterns, and employed a workman, Mr. Brooks, who has had a long experience in their manufacture, beg leave to inform the public that they are now prepared to furnish to order an article superior to anything of the kind ever offered in this market.

The subscribers would also caution their friends against purchasing worthless articles purporting to be Fairbanks' scale from irresponsible itinerant yankee pedlers—*we manufacture the genuine article.* The following are our prices.

Hay Scales, of 4 Tons draft,				$80
Coal Scales, of 1 ton draft,				40
Platform Scales, 1500 lbs. draft.				35
Do.	do.	do.	with hoisting lever and set on trucks,	40
Do.	do	1200 lbs. draft,		30
Do.	do.	do. on trucks, with hoisting lever,		35
Fairbanks' *American* Scale, 1500 lbs.,				32
Do.	do.	do.	1200 lbs.	28
Do.	do.	do.	1500, on trucks with hoisting lever,	37
Do.	do.	do.	500 lbs.	16
Flour Packing Scale, 500 lbs				20
Counter Scales, ½ oz. to 200 lbs., platform,				8
Do	½ oz. to 200 lbs. platform & Scoop,			10
Dale's Counter Scale, brass lever, ½ oz. to 50 lbs. draft,				6

All the above articles are *warranted.* Those wishing to obtain a good and *reliable* Scale are requested to give us a call at No 104 French street, nearly opposite the Farmers Hotel.

G. A. BENNET & CO.

Erie. May 26, 1849. 2

EXCHANGE OFFICE.

J. H. WILLIAMS, dealer in Foreign and Domestic Bills of exchange, Certificates of deposite, Gold and Silver coin, will buy and sell current and uncurrent money, negotiate time and sight drafts, make collections on all the Eastern cities, and make remittances at the lowest Banking rates.

Money received on Deposite and Eastern drafts constantly on hand at the lowest rates of premium.

Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Virginia, and Pennsylvania Bank notes, and those of most other States, bought and sold on the most reasonable terms.

Office, four doors below Brown's Hotel, Erie Pa.

Erie, July 1, 1848.

Desirable In Lots for Sale in Erie Pa.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, 13 in Lots of the town of Erie, No.'s 2371, 2374, 2310, 2311, 3373, 3304, 3306, 3308, 3339, 3340, 3443, 2709, and 2712, known as The Buehler Lots.

These lots compose several desirable locations for business, for manufactory, and for residences; and have been long out of the *market* but are now offered for sale at low prices, and on reasonable terms; and they will be subdivided to such purchasers.

WILSON KING,

Erie, Oct 25th, 1850. Land Agent.

Gazette copy. n.9n24

Tremendous Excitement! Glorious Victory!!

LIKE the fury of a maniac, like a wild war-horse, like a terrific tornado, like the rushing of mighty waters, and an overwhelming cataract, is the stately and omnipotent progress of that superior COOKING ENGINE, which has knocked *all* the little cooking stoves into scrap iron, piled up the "Key Stone" at the head of the huge arch of disappointed expectations, rode roughshod over the "Telegraph," killed all the "Genesee Farmers," kicked out of breath the "Clinton Air-Tight," and has sometimes found favor over the "Iron Monarch." Having been induced by its universal popularity to get up three sizes of the Air Tight BANG UP STOVE, we are now prepared to supply either private families or hotels with sizes to please, and will take produce, old copper, borough warrants or small bills for them, and warrant them to give satisfaction.

Erie, Sept. 21, 1850. LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

GEO. SELDEN & SON are now receiving their stock of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising a general assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery*, Iron Nails, Steel, Anvils, Vices, &c. &c., all of which have been purchased in the Eastern market for Cash, and will be sold at a small advance. We do not *boast of the largest stock or to sell cheaper than can be purchased* in New York City, but would ask a comparison of qualities and prices, and are assured that no one will go away dissatisfied.—Erie Sept. 28, 1850

Erie Music Store.

One Door east of Brown's Hotel.

YOU can find a variety of Musical Instruments and Instructors, Violins for $1 50 to $25, Accordeons, from 50cts. to $25 Flutes, $1 50 to $10, Guitars, $4 to $9, Flageolets, Clarinetts, Fifes, Violin Bows, Bridges, Strings, and all things pertaining, to the department. Also a variety of Yankee Notions, Pocket Cutlery, Razors & Razor Straps, Pistols, Percussion Caps, Toys, Cards, Combs, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Needles, Pins, Thimbles, Hair Pins, Looking Glasses, Fancy Boxes, Vases, and a variety of other fixins. One door east of Brown's Hotel

Erie, Dec. 8, 1849. W. N. LEWIS, & Co.

Yankee Notions!

HAIR, Shoe, Shaving and Scrubbing Brushes. Back, Side, fine tooth and ridding Combs. Pocket Books, Wallets, Purses, Looking Glasses, Nedles, Pins, Hooks and Eyes, Percussion Caps, drawing, Slate and Carpenters' Pencils. Cigar cases, Tobacco Boxes, Teething Rings, Diaper and Hair Pins. Knitting Needles, Hair Oils, Eau de Cologne or Marrow Pomatum.—Masks of all descriptions, &c. &c. can be found at the Keystone Grocery, No. 7, Poor Peoples' Row. T. W. MOORE.

Erie, Nov. 18, 1849.

CONSUMPTION

in all Christianized and civilized countries, has caused a larger proportion of deaths than any other malady that afflicts the human family; and until within a few years, there has not been any *certain remedy* to stop the devastation of that destroyer. But now—

BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM

cures *very many* of the most *strongly marked and developed cases of* PULMONARY CONSUMPTION—*real, undoubted cases of ulcerated and diseased* LUNGS—such HOPELESS cases as were never before cured by any other medicine. *So utterly hopeless were some of the afflicted persons, as to* have been pronounced by *physicians* and friends to be ACTUALLY DYING. Some, who had their burial clothes made, have been cured, and yet live; others, who it was said would not live another day, are now as well and hearty as they ever were.

It possesses all the cleansing and purifying virtues nearly as powerful and active as the preparation which we call

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT.

The Balsam differs from the Extract, because it *possesses several medicines which are peculiarly adapted to, and are essentially necessary for* the cure of

COUGHS AND CONSUMPTIONS,

and all diseases of a pulmonary nature—such diseases as usually prove so fatal under ordinary treatment, when they attack the

Breast, Throat, Lungs, and Heart.

This BALSAM HEALS AND CURES ULCERS *in the* LUNGS, and elsewhere *internally, as certainly and easily as the* PURIFYING EXTRACT *cures* and *heals ulcers externally.* This Balsam cures NINE cases of Cough and Consumption out of TEN, after all other remedies have *failed to do good.*

Thousands of Consumptions

and *Chronic Coughs* abundantly prove its *unfailing efficacy* in such diseases, and its undoubted curative power, and soothing, healing properties, in the following complaints and diseases, viz.: *Spitting of Blood, Bleeding at the Lungs, Pain in the Breast and Side, Night-Sweats, Nervous Complaints, Palpitation of the Heart, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery* and *Summer Complaints in Children and Adults*, and *all* FEMALE WEAKNESSES.

CONSUMPTION. A DYING WOMAN CURED!

We state this cure, to prove the POWER TO SAVE LIFE when this BALSAM is used, even after the person is *considered by physicians and friends* to be in the *last stages of disease*—actually DYING—and, in this case, so FAR GONE, *that the* SHROUD *and* BURIAL-CLOTHES *were bought!* For the *particulars* of this case, and the *respectable and undoubted proof* of all the circumstances and facts, we refer to our PAMPHLETS.

This cure was effected on Mrs. ZIBA DYKEMAN, *of Ballston Spa, Saratoga County, N. Y.* We can prove, beyond a doubt, *many others, almost equally hopeless*, and *innumerable* cases of *Coughs and Consumptions* CURED, which were *pronounced incurable* by SKILFUL PHYSICIANS.

A DOCTOR CURED!

DR. J. W. FRENCH, *of Hillsdale, Hillsdale county, Michigan*, about the 1st of January, 1849, wrote as follows. "I have been in the regular practice of medicine in this place for nine years, but was obliged to quit the practice of my profession in consequence of ill health. I was so severely afflicted with a *Chronic Disease of the Lungs*, as to convince me that I HAD THE CONSUMPTION, past doubt. I coughed almost incessantly, night and day, and had severe pains and soreness in my chest, side, and breast. I tried the remedies recommended by the most skilful of the profession, all to no effect, excepting the nausea and debility caused by them. I was prejudiced against patent medicines, and I have *no faith now in them generally*. But I was induced—as an experiment, more than through faith—to try a bottle of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM; and I do here acknowledge, for the benefit of the afflicted, or whom it may serve, that the effect of its use on me was the most prompt and salutary, of any medicines I ever witnessed the effect of in all my practice. *My cough was immediately relieved*, and in about eight or ten days I was free from cough, soreness of the chest, and pain, and now consider and *pronounce myself* A WELL MAN."

Dr. French is now a respectable druggist at Hillsdale

FITS, FITS, FITS.

Messrs. J. K. LIPPINCOTT, & SON, respectable merchants at *Hillsgrove, Sullivan county, Pennsylvania*, wrote to us, May 12, 1849, stating, among other BENEFITS which had been derived from the use of BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM, *that* one of their customers had *just informed* them that her child, which had been subject to FITS *for several years*, was cured by the use of BRANT'S BALSAM.

Would soon be in a Grave

Mr. WILLIAM D. JENNINGS, a merchant at *Pierpont Centre, Ashtabula county, Ohio*, wrote to us, October 2, 1848, and stated a cure of CONSUMPTION which the use of *Brant's INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM* had effected in Mr. WILLIAM CROCKET, of an adjoining town. He said Mr. Crocket had sought relief from the best physicians, and numerous medicines, but found none, for the fatal hand of that unrelenting monster *Consumption*, had taken fast hold on his vitals, and was so destroying and debilitating his body, that he was a mere skeleton. He was *given up* by his physicians and all friends, as one who would *soon inhabit a grave*. But even in this last extremity, strange and marvelous as it may seem, yet it is true, that the use of only *five bottles* of BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM has unclenched the hand of the destroyer, and restored Mr. Crocket to health, and he is now a *healthy, hearty, rugged man*.

S. D. DANN, Esq., *merchant and postmaster at Jefferson*, an adjoining town, wrote to us, about the same time, and stated that he was acquainted with Mr. CROCKET, and *testified to his* CURE, *and all the above-named facts.*

Could not Live a Day longer!

Messrs. E. B. CALDWELL & CO., *of East Owego, Owego Co., N. Y.*, respectable druggists, wrote to us: "We have just heard, through Mr. Whiteman, a respectable citizen of this place, of an important cure of *Consumption*, which BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM has produced on the wife of an acquaintance of his, who resides in the town of Palermo, in this county. She had been long confined to her bed, and was so dangerously diseased, that her friends believed it impossible for her to *live more than* ONE DAY LONGER. But, when all other hope utterly failed, she commenced taking BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM, and its medical efficacy has raised her from a DYING BED, so that she is now *going about and attending to her domestic household affairs and duties*. She acknowledges, and it is very evident, that she is indebted to BRANT'S BALSAM for her recovery from a *long*, severe, and dangerous sickness; and her friends and neighbors consider that medicine invaluable."

RAISED FROM THE GRAVE.

Messrs. PRATT & FOSTER, *merchants, of West Cornwall, Conn.*, said BRANT'S BALSAM had effected cures of such hopeless cases of CONSUMPTION in their town, that now no other cough-medicine could be sold there; that *it had raised some as it from the* GRAVE—some that physicians and all the friends said MUST DIE. One gentleman, in particular, was so far gone, that his physician told him it was *useless to take any more medicine*. He then, *when no hope was left*, began to take BRANT'S BALSAM—GOT WELL—*and is now as well as ever he was!*

Many Consumptions Cured.

Mr. S. H. CLARK, merchant, *Clyde, Wayne county, N. Y.*, wrote to inform us that BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM sold readily at Clyde, and said: "If the statements of some of our most respectable people, and personal, visible knowledge, can be relied on, its medical virtues have cured *many consumptive persons*, several of whom I am acquainted with, who were so hopelessly sick as to be considered, by physicians and all friends, past a possibility of cure; and yet, the facts are, BRANT'S BALSAM has restored them to PERFECT HEALTH."

LUNGS BLED—MUST DIE!

Mr. Z. S. TERRY, *merchant, Byron, Genesee county, N. Y.*, wrote, August 24, 1848: "BRANT'S MEDICINE is doing wonders here! It has cured a man of *Consumption* that all the physicians had said *must die*. When he commenced taking Brant's Medicine, he could not raise his hand to his head; *he bled at the lungs*, and every symptom seemed to indicate that he must die; but, astonishing to all, he is now able to labor, and rides all over the county. He used *only five bottles*. It has also cured a young lady of *Consumption* in Orleans county, which her father says *no doctor could cure*."

Mr. MILLER, a merchant of the same place, has certified to the truth of the above statement.

Was believed past Cure!

Mr. CORNELIUS H. SMITH, merchant, *Collins Centre, Erie Co., N. Y.*, January 16, 1849, said: "Your BRANT'S INDIAN PULMONARY BALSAM and BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT are nearly all sold, and I want immediately another supply for they sell more rapidly, and *give better satisfaction*, than all the other medicines we have for sale. The *Pulmonary balsam* has raised a lady here from a bed of dangerous and severe sickness, which all the doctors had given up as INCURABLE. They said she MUST DIE *with a Consumption of the Lungs*. After all had pronounced the case HOPELESS, *she* commenced taking BRANT'S BALSAM—and now she is well."

CHRONIC DYSENTERY,

and SUMMER COMPLAINTS, in *children or grown persons*, cured *without any failure whatever.* Also—

CHOLERA INFANTUM.

No mother need ever mourn the death of her child by that child-destroying complaint, when *teething* in warm weather—*Cholera Infantum*, or what is called SUMMER COMPLAINT—if "BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM" be administered to the child. It should, however, *in such cases*, be used in *twice as large potions* as the directions on each bottle prescribe, until the complaint is checked.

For sale by Carter & Br. J. H. Burton, Erie; J. S. Foster, Girard; S. J. Hopkins, Springfield; H. R. Terry, Edenboro; A. Tourtlette, Union Mills; B. C. Town, North East; Potter & Ren, West Springfield; John B. Robinson, Cranesville; and W. & P. Judson & Co. Waterford. 1y32

CARTER'S RING BONE & SPAVIN LOTION.

WE are receiving *fresh* proof of the efficacy of this article every day. Yesterday Mr. Hinton brought a friend into our store, and with tears in his eyes, implored him to try a bottle, of it on his colt, assuring him that it would cure him up sound and well as ever be was; this he knew because he had used it with *perfect success* on one of his own horses *which was badly spavined*. Mr. Stephen C. Lee also called in this morning and stated he had only used about three fourths if a bottle, and his horse which he valued at $100, was almost well. He had no doubt but what he had left would complete the cure. We are every day hearing reports of this kind about our Lotion, and with such facts staring him in the face, no man will hesitate to pay 50 cts for an article that will cure sound and well an animal worth one hundred times as much. Be sure and ask for Carters *Ring Bone and Spavin Lotion—and take no other.* For sale at our Drug Store in in Erie, and by our agent throughout the county.

Erie, Sept. 28. 20

Teas! Teas!! Teas!!!

I AM selling good Young Hyson Tea for 50cts. per pound, and Black Tea for the same; also, Tea of all kinds and qualities, proportionately cheap. T. W. MOORE.

Erie. Nov. 17. 1849. 27.

Brass Clocks.

OF a superior kind in regard to finish, durability, Patent Lever and Gothic Clocks, Office and Marine time pieces at

Erie, Dec. 8, 1849. LEWIS' Gothic Hall.

Galvanic Guilding and Silvering.

THOSE having watches, that they want made to appear like solid gold, can have it done to their satisfaction by calling

Erie, Dec. 8, 1849. LEWIS' Gothic Hall.

PRESERVES!

1 BARREL white brandy of an extra flavour for preserving, also an assortment of preserve jars and bottles just received by

Erie, Sept. 21, 1850. CARTER & BROTHER.

Borough Warrants Wanted!

A FEW Borough Warrants wanted Immediately.

Sept. 21, 1850. LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

DYE Woods and Dye Stuffs, Logwood, Madder, Fustic, Nic Wood, Copperas, Cream Tartar, Indigo, Cochineal, Curcuma, Tinct, Tin, Annatt, Cudbear, Alum, Blue Viterol, Nitric and Muriatic Acids, all of which are offered low, by

August 31, 1850. P. HALL.

GROCERIES.—Loaf, Pulverized, Crushed, Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugars, superior Sugar House Molasses, refined Sugar House Syrup, Rice, Coffee, Black and Green Teas, Pepper, Spice, Cinnamon, Ginger, Nut Megs, Mace, Cloves, Currents, besides a host of other articles in the line too numerous to mention. For sale by P. HALL.

August 31. n16

ANVILS AND VICES for sale at Buffalo prices by

LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

JUST received, and for sale ow for Cash, 50 Barrels Flour, 30 bbls, White Fish, 20 Patent Horse Rakes, and 20 bbls. white Plaster or hard finish, at the Empire Stores. July 20

112 KEGS Cut Nails for sale cheap by

LESTER, SENNETT & CHESTER.

THREAD Edging, Wove Linnen, do Silks, do Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and Insertings in great variety of paterns.

Oct. 12. C. M. TIBBALS.

WANTED.—3,000 pairs Woolen Socks in exchange for goods Also a few hundred yards domestic Flannel. Small Bills and Dried Apples will not be refused. C. M. TIBBALS.

PORT WINE, a superior article, warranted the pure juice of the grape, at LAIRD & RUST'S.

OTARD and Cogniac Brandy of superior quality, at

LAIRD & RUST'S.

EXCELSIOR MATCHES—Warranted good in any weather, the very best in use, for sale by the gross or less, cheap by

J. H. BURTON.

Cash for Feathers.

LIVE Geese Feathers wanted, for which we will pay one-half cash. Oct 19. LAIRD & RUST,

Price Reduced!

VAUGHN'S LITHONTRIPTIC MIXTURE.

Large Bottles—Only One Dollar.

The Proprietor of the Great American Remedy "VAUGHN'S VEGETABLE LITHONTRIPTIC MIXTURE," induced by the urgent solicitations of his Agents, throughout the United States and Canada, has now

Reduced the Price

of his popular and well known article; and from this date, henceforth, he will put up but one size only,—his quart bottles;—the retail price will be

ONE DOLLAR.

The public may rest assured that the character of the Medicine, its strength, and curative properties WILL REMAIN UNCHANGED, and the same care will be bestowed in preparing it as heretofore.

As this medicine, under its reduced price, will be purchased by those who have not hitherto made themselves acquainted with its virtues, the proprietor would beg to intimate that his article is not to be classed with the vast amount of "Remedies of the day;" it claims for itself *a greater healing power in all diseases, than any other preparation now before the world*; and has sustained itself for eight years by its unparalleled medical virtues, and, until this reduction, commanded double the price of any other article in this line.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY, this article acts with great healing power and certainty, upon the

Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs,

and all other organs, upon the proper action of which life and health depend.

This medicine has a justly high repute as a remedy for

Dropsy and Gravel,

and all diseases of that nature. It may be relied upon when the intelligent physician has abandoned his patient,—and for these distressing diseases, more especially DROPSY, the proprietor would earnestly and honestly recommend it. At its present price it is easily obtained by all, and the trial will prove the article to be the

Cheapest Medicine in the World!

☞ Please ask for pamphlets—the agents give them away; they contain over sixteen pages of receipts, (in addition to full medical matter) valuable for household use, one a...which will save many dollars per year to practical housekeepers.

These receipts are introduced to make the work of great value, aside from its character as an advertising medium for the medicine, the testimony in favor of which in the form of letters from all parts of the country, may be relied upon.

☞ "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture"—the Great American Remedy, now for sale in quart bottles at $1 each, small bottles at 50 cts each. No small bottles will be issued after the present stock is disposed of.

Principal Office, Buffalo, N. Y., 207 Main Street,

G. C. VAUGHN.

N. B.—All letters (excepting from agents...) whom he transacts business) must be post paid... will be given to them.

Agents—J. H. Burton, Carter & Brother, Erie; Smith Jones & Co., Waterford; John Stewart, Fairview; L. S. Jones, Girard; A. Taurtlett, Union; B. C. Town & Co., Wattsburg; B. C. Town North East; Terry & Campbell, Edenboro; S. Hall, Jr., Crossville; J. P. Moore, traveling agent.

LAND AGENCY IN ERIE.

The subscriber offers for sale, at his residence in Erie, Pa.—

Grazing farms at 6 to $10 per acre, in lots of 100 to 300 acres.

Grain Farms at 14 to $40 per acre, in lots of 30 to 250 acres.

Wild land at $2 to $4 per acre, in lots of 25 to 300 acres.

Out lots of Erie, at 75 to $250 per acre, and

In lots of Erie, at 200 to $1,000 dollars, each.

Erie Outlot No. 379, situate between French & Holland Streets subdivided into convenient lots, for Residence or business, is for sale at 200 to $400 cash. A rare chance.

Also a fine Water Lot property newly wharfed, for Steam Re...

Erie, March 2, 1850. WILSON KING,

1y72 General Land Agent & Land Broker

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the name of ... & Jowett, in the North East Woolen Factory, ... dissolved by mutual consent, ... debted to make payment. The books and accounts ... at the Factory, where one of the late firm will attend to ... ments. ISAAC B. STEVENS

North East, May 15, 1850. JOSHUA JOWETT

THE Subscriber having purchased the entire interest of ... Stevens in the North East Woolen Factory, respectfully ... licits a share of the public patronage. The business ... ducted as heretofore by the subscriber, and all work ... him will be done in a workmanlike manner. The ... Machinery are all nearly new, and the experience of ... men is such as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction ... tomers. JOSHUA JOWETT

North East, May 19, 1850. 1tf

A VARIETY of Solar Lamps, of the newest patterns and approved styles, also, Camphene Lamps, ... globes, chimneys, wicks, &c., constantly on hand ... sold cheap. W. N. LEWIS & Co.

G. LOOMIS & CO.

Clock, Watch and Jewelry Establishment, State street, nearly opposite the Empire Store

Erie, Pa.

ARE now receiving from New York a large addition to their former stock of GOODS, embracing all the new ... tieles suited to the trade, which they propose ... public at a small advance from cost, for ... of obtaining goods from Importers and Manufacturers, ... large, not being undersold for the present at least, ... Rail and Plank Road city of Erie.

Employing none but the best of Workmen, together with ... for making new work, the mechanical branch of ... pertaining to Watches, Jewelery and Engraving, ... a manner unsurpassed by any for style, in the ... The highest price paid in cash for old Gold and Silver. ... bought here Engraved in any style desired without charge.

Erie, July 6, 1850.

TO MERCHANTS.

SALERATUS constantly on hand, which we manufacture ... sell for cash at the lowest market rates. A pure article ... our celebration. COMPTON & HAVERSTICK

May 25, 1850. No. 8, Reed House.

400 BARRELS Old Double Rectified Whiskey ... which we sell at the market value, of the best quality ... manufacture. COMPTON & HAVERSTICK.

May 25, 1850. No. 8, Reed House.

Dental Notice.

R. RUSSELL D. D. S., office in Hugh's Building opposite the Erie Gazette office. All operations performed in a neat, careful and durable manner, and warranted.

SOAP.—A large lot of superior Hard Soap, for family use, from an Eastern Manufactory for sale at eastern prices by the Box. A supply will at all times be kept on hand, and dealers and families will do well to call and examine qualities and prices, for sale on consignment by R. O. HULBERT

Erie May 4, 1850. 51

LINSEED OIL, by the barrel or gallon, and White Lead by the Keg, for sale by D. S. CLARK

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.—100 boxes at wholesale, by

June 1. J. H. FULLERTON.

MACKERAL No. 1 by the barrel, half and quarter barrel; COD SHAD by the barrel or half do, or pound, constantly on hand at No. 5 Bonnel Block. D. S. CLARK.

BUTTER AND CHEESE TRYERS at the Hardware Store, No. 3, Reed House. RUFUS REED.

999 SIDES eastern Sole Leather—also Upper Leather, Kip and Jersey Calf Skins, in quantities to suit.

May 11, 1850. J. H. FULLERTON.

CLOCKS.—New style sharp and Gothic, Eight Day, ... Thirty Hour, Marine and other kinds of Brass Clocks, now opening by G. LOOMIS & Co.

July 6. Nearly opposite Empire Store.

SPLENDID JEWELRY.—Embracing Pins, Bracelets, ... Chains, Pencils, Ear Rings, and lots of pretty things for Ladies. G. LOOMIS & Co.

July 6. Nearly opposite Em...

LAMPS.—New style Solar and other kinds of Lamps, also a quantity of Wicking, Chimnies and Globes, at

Erie Nov. 24, 1849. G. LOOMIS & Co's.

GRINDSTONES.—Five tons BUREA Grindstones for sale by the ton or at retail. J. H. FULLERTON.

CURRY POWDER, in half and quarter pound packages, for sale. D. S. CLARK.

SHINGLES and LATH for sale by D. S. CLARK.

Sept. 28.

MILL FILES.—A superior article, warranted to be the best manufactured—for proof call at No. 3 Reed House.

Erie, Sept. 28 R. REED.

2000 GALS. New Orleans and Sugar House Molasses by the barrel or gallon, at the store of D. S. CLARK

PURE Olive Oil for sale by P. HALL

August 31.

PURE LINSEED OIL.—400 gallons for sale, at the lowest market price, at No. 1, Hughes' Buildings, State street, Erie.

August 31, 1850. P. HALL

3000 LBS. pure and extra white Lead ground in oil, for use: also, a *large supply* Pure. Dry White Lead for sale in small or large quantities on the most reasonable ... No. 1 Hughes' Buildings. P. HALL.

August 31. n16

6000 Lbs. Fire Proof Paint, assorted colors, for sale by the pound or barrel. P. HALL.

Aug. 31

KRIMNETZ White, Vandike, Brown, Drop Black, ... Black, Lamp Black, various qualities, Spanish Brown ... nitian Red of superior qualities, selling at reduced prices, by

August 31, 1850 P. HALL

300 GALLONS Spirits Turpentine by the gallon or barrel, for sale low, by H. HALL

August 31. n16

TANNER'S Oil by the gallon or barrel, as cheap as can be bought in Erie county, for sale by P. HALL

August 31. n16

BRUSHES.—Paint, Varnish, White Wash, Shoe, Stove, Scrubbing, Horse, Hat, Shaving, Cloth, Hair, Flesh, ... Teeth, Crumb, Counter and Tanners' Brushes of different ... all of which are offered cheap enough, by P. HALL

August 31.

DRUGS.—Camphor, Turky Opium, Morphine, Quinine, ... Pure African Cyenne, Gum Arabic, Gamboge, ... Quicksilver, besides every other article of drugs, ... medicine usually kept in Drug stores. For sale cheap by

August 31. P. HALL

JAPAN WARE.—A full assortment express ... No. 3, Reed House. R. REED.

ENAMEL Kettles of different sizes, at No. 3 Reed House.

Sept. 28. R. REED.

HOUSE keepers can be supplied with, brass, brittania, tin and japan candle sticks and lamps, brass snuffers and trays, brittania, German silver and iron spoons, basting spoons, ... mills, cutlery, &c., at the hardware store of R. REED.

Sept. 28.

SLATES a good assortment at the Hardware Store.

RUFUS REED.

TABLE and Pocket Cutlery.—My assortment is now complete and I do not hesitate to say a larger and better selected stock than was ever before offered in this market.

Sept. 28, 1850. R. REED

COIL CHAIN—From 3-16 to 5-16 at the cheap hardware store Sept. 28. R. REED.

HORSE FOR SALE.—Inquire of D. S. CLARK.

Sept. 28.

OATS AND CORN, for sale by D. S. CLARK.

July 20.

MACCARONI and Vermecelli, for sale by D. S. CLARK.

July 20